THE CORNWALL PUBLIC INQUIRY



L'ENQUÊTE PUBLIQUE SUR CORNWALL

Public Hearing

Audience publique

Commissioner

The Honourable Justice /
L'honorable juge
G. Normand Glaude

Commissaire

VOLUME 29

Held at: Tenue à:

Hearings Room 709 Cotton Mill Street Cornwall, Ontario K6H 7K7 Salle des audiences 709, rue de la Fabrique Cornwall, Ontario K6H 7K7

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Appearances/Comparutions

Mr. Peter Engelmann Lead Commission Counsel

Ms. Raija Pulkkinen Commission Counsel

Me Simon Ruel

Ms. Louise Mongeon Registrar

Mr. John E. Callaghan Cornwall Police Service Board

Mr. Neil Kozloff Ontario Provincial Police

Actg.Det.Supt.Colleen McQuade

Ms. Suzanne Costom Ms. Diane Lahaie

Ms. G. Saccoccio Brannan, Q.C.

Mr. David Rose Ontario Ministry of Community
Mr. Mike Lawless and Correctional Services and
Adult Community Corrections

Mr. Darrell Kloeze Attorney General for Ontario

Mr. Peter Chisholm The Children's Aid Society of

the United Counties

Mr. Peter Wardle Citizens for Community Renewal

Mr. Dallas Lee Victims Group

Ms. Lauren Schellenberger

Mr. Jose Hannah-Suarez Mr. Jacques Leduc

Mr. Mark Wallace Ontario Provincial Police

Association

Ms. Suzanne Costom Det.Chief Supt. M.F.(Frank)Ryder

Ms. Diane Lahaie

Table of Contents / Table des matières

	Page
List of Exhibits :	iv
Opening Remarks	1
DETECTIVE CHIEF SUPT. M.F.(Frank)RYDER, Resumed/Sous le même serment:	1
Examination in-Chief by/Interrogatoire en-chef par Mr. Peter Engelmann (Cont'd/Suite)	1
Cross-Examination by/Contre-interrogatoire par Mr. Peter Wardle	176
Cross-Examination by/Contre-interrogatoire par Mr. John Callaghan	200
Cross-Examination by/Contre-interrogatoire par Mr. Mark Wallace	205
Cross-Examination by/Contre-interrogatoire par Ms. Diane Lahaie	208

LIST OF EXHIBITS/LISTE D'EXHIBITS

NO. DESCRIPTION PAGE NO

1	Upon commencing at 10:01 a.m. /
2	L'audience débute à 10h01
3	THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. À
4	l'ordre. Veuillez vous lever.
5	This hearing of the Cornwall Public Inquiry
6	is now in session. The Honourable Mr. Justice Normand
7	Glaude, presiding.
8	Please be seated. Veuillez vous asseoir
9	THE COMMISSIONER: Good morning, all.
10	Mr. Engelmann.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Good morning, Mr.
12	Commissioner.
13	THE COMMISSIONER: How are you today?
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Good. Thank you.
15	THE COMMISSIONER: Any announcements this
16	morning?
17	MR. ENGELMANN: None that I know of.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: So I hope there are none
20	from my colleagues, but none that I know of.
21	M.F. RYDER, Resumed
22	EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY /INTERROGATOIRE EN-CHEF PAR MR.
23	ENGELMANN (Cont'd./Suite)
24	MR. ENGELMANN: So this morning we're going
25	to carry on with Chief Ryder's evidence and we'll be

1	dealing with the volume, which is entitled "Volume 2,
2	History and Organizational Structure", and when we're
3	finished this volume we'll be going on to the volume
4	dealing with community policing.
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And we were at, just to
7	situate everyone, we were in the outline at Tab 1, Chief
8	Ryder, and I think we were just about to start page 13.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: The rank structure.
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: So perhaps we can go there.
13	And when we're talking about the rank
14	structure, are we talking about uniformed officers of the
15	OPP?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And is there something
18	equivalent to a rank structure for civilian employees or
19	would it just be called something else?
20	CHIEF RYDER: Well, in the Ontario
21	Provincial Police we have several civilian employees that
22	have many different types of classifications from our
23	provincial commander who is the provincial commander of
24	Corporate Services, the highest ranking civilian within our
25	organization.

1	You heard me talk yesterday about an
2	Executive Council, which is bureau regional commanders. We
3	have bureau commanders who are civilian and hold bureau
4	commander status.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: So let me just stop you for
6	a second. So you have civilians as high as the equivalent
7	to a deputy commissioner?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: The one that you spoke
10	about?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you have others at
13	the various rank levels, so to speak?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
16	CHIEF RYDER: Throughout the entire
17	organization.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: And you've listed some of
19	the types of civilian staff you have there at the last
20	bullet under this section?
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, senior
22	managers, forensic scientists, administrative support, and
23	that's just to name a few, there are several, as you heard
24	yesterday, 1,800 civilians and many different
25	classifications within our civilian staff.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: You'd have some computer
2	specialists
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: and tech support for
5	them?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So amongst the
8	uniform officers you've listed two different types,
9	commissioned officers and non-commissioned officers.
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you explain the
12	distinction and give us some sense as to who falls within
13	which category?
14	CHIEF RYDER: The commissioned officer
15	starts at the rank of inspector. When an officer is
16	promoted to the rank of inspector they receive a
17	commission.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And approximately how
19	many inspectors are there in the OPP?
20	CHIEF RYDER: There is 122 approximately.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And is there a tab that
22	would help us with this?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it's Tab 19.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So the double line in
25	the middle of that page differentiates between the

1	commissioned and non-commissioned officers?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	So if you want to just take us through this
5	briefly and give us some explanations, and just out of
6	curiosity, tell us where you fit in this as well.
7	CHIEF RYDER: Okay. Obviously the
8	Commissioner heads our police force and provides leadership
9	to the organization. Then we have three deputy
10	commissioners, one deputy commissioner in charge of
11	investigation of organized crime that's a second level -
12	- one in charge of strategic services and one in charge of
13	field and traffic services.
14	The next rank is chief superintendent rank
15	and we are a very dynamic organization, that number's
16	increased to 12. Just a couple days ago since this slide
17	was prepared one of the existing superintendent positions
18	was reclassified to be a chief superintendent. So that
19	would now be 12 chief superintendents and 32
20	superintendents.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And Chief Ryder, that would
22	be your rank level?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I'm a chief
24	superintendent.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.

1	CHIEF RYDER: And then there are 33
2	superintendents and 122 inspectors.
3	I might note, going back again to Executive
4	Council, bureau regional commanders, there are some bureau
5	commanders that are at the superintendent rank. There are
6	some bureau commanders that are at the chief superintendent
7	rank but for purposes of Executive Council the rank is not
8	really a distinction.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
10	So on the Executive Council you have the
11	Commissioner, Deputy Commissioners
12	CHIEF RYDER: And Bureau Regional
13	Commanders.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: So they would fall into
15	those top four rank levels?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, at the inspector rank,
18	can you give us some sense as to who is at that rank?
19	CHIEF RYDER: There are inspectors
20	throughout the organization. Certainly there are a large
21	number of inspectors in our Criminal Investigations Branch.
22	There is approximately 25 in our Criminal Investigations
23	Branch.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: So just over 20 per cent of
25	your inspectors would be at CIB?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And is there some
3	significance to that?
4	CHIEF RYDER: The
5	MR. ENGELMANN: I mean that rank at that
6	level
7	CHIEF RYDER: Well, they
8	MR. ENGELMANN: in that position?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Well, it's certainly the most
10	senior rank in the detective rank that are involved with
11	actually what I would call frontline investigative
12	personnel. These inspectors are the major case managers
13	that do get assigned to the most serious of cases,
14	homicides, et cetera.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And have they been at this
16	rank for some time?
17	CHIEF RYDER: They've been at that rank
18	since the existence of the OPP.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And is that of some
20	significance when they deal with other forces when they're
21	called in to lead investigations?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly it's of
23	assistance that they have that rank because obviously when
24	you're doing some investigations of a major case nature you
25	require resources like helicopter service and they have the

1	rank to be able to, I guess, acquire that service with I
2	guess it would be a little bit more difficult if they were
3	lower ranking.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So they would have
5	extra authority
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: to obtain services that
8	may be needed in major investigations?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Well, they would also show
10	because of the rank that they're at, they're able to show
11	senior leadership as well at those cases, be able to direct
12	personnel.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: And presumably that would
14	not only be of significance dealing with OPP detachments
15	but it may also be of significance dealing with other
16	forces?
17	CHIEF RYDER: I would say so.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
19	Can you take us through the non-commissioned
20	officer ranks?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. There are seven sergeant
22	majors that are within the Professional Standards Branch
23	but then responsible for investigations and public
24	complaints.
25	Below that level, in descending order, we

1	have 181 staff sergeants, 975 sergeants and 4,159 full-time
2	constables.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: You have traffic staff
4	sergeant to the left, is there some significance to that?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That sergeant would be
6	primarily involved in an area of the organization that's
7	focused on traffic enforcement.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And can you give us a
9	little bit of background on the reference at the right
10	about the prefix of detective and the significance of that?
11	CHIEF RYDER: The detective in the OPP is
12	not a rank, however, it is a designation that indicates
13	that the particular constable, sergeant, staff sergeant, if
14	there's a detective before their name, that they focus on
15	their duties as full-time investigative work.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, the work of this
17	inquiry goes back some time into the past and we've seen
18	already some documents that have the rank corporal
19	MR. RYDER: Yes.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: and I don't see that on
21	your uniform rank structure. Why is that?
22	CHIEF RYDER: The rank of corporal in 1988
23	was dissolved and all corporals were made sergeants
24	designated as sergeants. There was a re-designation.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So from full-time

1	constable, if one's promoted, one is promoted to the
2	sergeant level
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: post 1988?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Anything else on this chart,
7	sir?
8	CHIEF RYDER: No.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Then let's turn back to Tab
10	1. You have in your outline a caption entitled "Police
11	Orders".
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: And I believe we looked at
14	Police Orders for the first time when we looked at "The
15	Promise".
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And that was an introduction
18	to Police Orders?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it was.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
21	Just before we go there, you say that Police
22	Orders have existed in some form since at least 1922?
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	And they've been called, as I understand it,

1	by different names?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's right. They would have
3	been called regulations, standing orders, force directives.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Do you ever use the
5	term "policy" as an equivalent to order?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm just curious. We've had
8	evidence from another police force here and they used a
9	number of terms interchangeably and I'm just not sure if
10	that's also OPP practice as well. In that case we had
11	terms like directives, policy, orders, and then there was
12	something called "FOB" and I can't remember what it stands
13	for now.
14	THE COMMISSIONER: FOB?
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
16	THE COMMISSIONER: Well, in the old
17	contracts term it was "free on board".
18	(LAUGHTER/RIRE)
19	MR. ENGELMANN: I don't think that's how
20	Deputy Aikman described it, but in any event it was a
21	THE COMMISSIONER: The Cornwall Police had
22	that, didn't they?
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Maybe field order bulletins.
24	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: But in any event, they were

1	different terms used for orders.
2	So is it fair to say that over time terms
3	like directives, regulations, standing orders have been
4	used for orders?
5	CHIEF RYDER: I guess I would answer that in
6	my experience for 31 years in the Ontario Provincial Police
7	I know Police Orders as
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Police orders?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Police Orders, and certainly
10	what they looked like in the format they were I saw them
11	when I first joined the police force and now what
12	they're like in electronic form. So that's what I would
13	always refer to as Police Orders.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And that's been for
15	some 31 years?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	And you talk about Police Orders until
19	December 2000 and you say they were divided into three
20	volumes.
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you know how far back
23	before December 2000? Do you have some sense?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I do know once again
25	that we had three volumes of Police Orders in my time. My

1	first detachment at Bradford where I served from 1975 to
2	1985 we would have had three volumes of Police Orders.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And when you talk
4	about volumes, can you try and visualize that for us?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Certainly. I mean, if you
6	could just similar to this kind of a binder, a three-
7	ring binder, but probably about a four-inch spine.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That would be hole-punched
10	pages and Volume 1 and Volume 2 contained parts 1 to 10 of
11	Police Orders, and then Volume 3 contained manuals, like
12	Forest Disaster Manual.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So there was a three
14	volume set. They were thick volumes.
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: And what would happen if
17	there were changes or amendments to a Police Order?
18	CHIEF RYDER: A revision package would
19	arrive at the detachment and I know I was assigned to do
20	this particularly in the time that I had some
21	administrative duties at the detachment where you would
22	receive the revision package that had pretty explicit
23	instructions that you were to take out pages let's say 6 to
24	7 in Part 1 and replace them to new pages and then destroy
25	make sure that you shred the old ones.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And
2	CHIEF RYDER: And you would go through that
3	and then you would make a record that you updated the
4	Police Orders.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And would this have been the
6	practice until December of 2000?
7	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
9	So we had a hardcopy, three volumes Police
10	Orders?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And would there be one copy
13	of these Police Orders in each detachment or would there be
14	multiple copies?
15	CHIEF RYDER: There would be multiple
16	copies. I don't know what the schedule was, but once again
17	from my memory the detachment commander would have his own
18	copy, there would be at least one copy in the corporal's
19	office because at that time we had corporal supervisors
20	and there would be hardcopy Police Orders in the general
21	part of the detachment in the Force library.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So there would be one
23	volume in a detachment library that would be available to
24	full-time constables?
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: They wouldn't each have a
2	copy of it?
3	CHIEF RYDER: No, they would not.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. We're talking about
5	significant volume of documents?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Now how was it that these
8	amendments or inserts and deletions would be made known to
9	people in the detachment? You talked about the fact, sir,
10	that at least at one time in your career you were
11	responsible for inserting and removing?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: So presumably that's one
14	individual that would have that job. How would the other
15	individuals be made aware of changes to Police Orders from
16	time to time?
17	CHIEF RYDER: From my recollection,
18	accompanying the revision package would be a memo that
19	would highlight what some of the changes would be. Once
20	again, from my recollection I believe a copy of that went
21	on the 8-day board. There was as new communiqués came
22	into the detachment they were put on a clipboard and what I
23	call 8-day board, there would be eight clipboards and that
24	information would be rotated through the 8-day board.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. So just again,

1	to try and visualize an 8-day board, you have eight
2	clipboards?
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And, when we're done one
5	day, that day comes off and
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: the eighth day ahead
8	goes on?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: What would be on these
11	clipboards, other than amendments to Police Orders?
12	CHIEF RYDER: There could be any kind of
13	memo, announcements, upcoming events, those kind of
14	announcements. There could be some provincial alerts.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Where would this 8-
16	day board be kept?
17	CHIEF RYDER: In the main body of the
18	detachment underneath at least, I'm describing from
19	Bradford, underneath a large bulletin board.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: How would the then-corporal
21	or sergeant responsible for the constables ensure that they
22	would look at the board at some point?
23	CHIEF RYDER: I don't know if there was any
24	effort by the corporals to make sure that the constables
25	looked at it. But I do know that they did, because there

1	was a lot of significant information there.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. But essentially
3	there was a policy or order that required
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: individuals to look at
6	the 8-day board?
7	CHIEF RYDER: I would assume so.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
9	Now you say that they were vehicles to
10	communicate permanent policy, procedures, direction and
11	guidelines.
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: That was from the
14	Commissioner to all employees. That seems pretty broad in
15	nature.
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
18	Were there you talk about the fact that
19	in or about 2000, there were significant changes made to
20	how the Police Orders were kept.
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you explain that process
23	to us and what happened?
24	CHIEF RYDER: There was a decision of the
25	organization to restructure our Police Orders and to as

1	I stated earlier, we used to have part 1 to 10; part 1
2	being administration, part 10 being operations. To
3	restructure our Police Orders to fall in line with the
4	Adequacy Regulations; which had six chapters, dealing with
5	crime prevention, law enforcement, victims' assistance,
6	public order maintenance, emergency response services and
7	administration and infrastructure. So we decided we'd take
8	our existing policy and restructure it around those
9	chapters as opposed to the part 10s that we had before.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. And this was
11	done just prior to the end of the phase-in or transition
12	period on the Adequacy Regulations?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Which had to be done by
15	January of 2001, if memory serves me.
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. So we have this
18	change. It's done in December of 2000. And, in fact,
19	there's a communication from the Deputy Commissioner about
20	revisions to Police Orders. Correct? Is that what we see
21	at Tab 21?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. That is an announcement
23	that we are reverting to automated Police Orders and this
24	was a communiqué to all force locations advising personnel
25	at those locations to destroy all the hard-copy Police

1	Orders. The reason for that would be that, since there
2	would be no further revision packages sent out, these would
3	soon be out of date. We obviously wanted to have policies
4	that we could count on as being current.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
6	So in the third paragraph, the individuals
7	that received this letter are instructed to destroy the
8	hard-copy sets they have.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, is that in and of
11	itself, a form of Order?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: You get a letter like this
14	to destroy that and presumably that's done?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's direction. Yes, it is.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Some Orders are more
17	directive or more imperative than others. Is that fair?
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	THE COMMISSIONER: So how would they be
20	underlined; those that are real important and others?
21	CHIEF RYDER: In the Police Orders, there's
22	a terminology like "may" and "shall"; those type of
23	terminologies, so I think that that would be an indicator.
24	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay, so some would have

1	mandatory language. They would say "shall" or "will". For
2	example, the Promise that we went to, talks about "I will"
3	on several occasions
4	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: which is more mandatory
6	language than "I may"?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: You talk about, on page 15,
9	you say that, and I assume this is as at December, 2000
10	that some
11	"long-standing OPP practices were
12	articulated for the first time in
13	policy. In others, practices were
14	extended or changed in order to comply
15	with Adequacy Regulations"
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: So we talk about ten
18	chapters going to five.
19	CHIEF RYDER: Six.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm sorry. Six. Yes.
21	I'm just curious, any examples of
22	longstanding OPP practices that may have been articulated
23	for the first time, at that time?
24	CHIEF RYDER: No, I don't; not readily
25	available.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: That's fine.
2	Now you say in the next bullet, that:
3	"While Police Orders address a broad
4	range of issues, they're not intended
5	as a substitute for sound judgement and
6	discretion."
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: And that comes from the
9	Promise or it comes from that tab that you refer to?
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, if I could refer to Tab
11	2. The words here have been carefully chosen and this is
12	the Commissioner's message at the introduction to Police
13	Orders Commissioner Boniface. Also, this is a form of
14	an announcement right within our orders of the
15	restructuring of the Police Orders into adequacy standard
16	format and if I may, because I think the words are
17	important.
18	"In developing each of the policies and
19	procedures contained in Police Orders,
20	the safety of every employee as well as
21	the public has been carefully
22	considered. Since our commitment to
23	continuous service improvement means
24	that the policies and procedures found
25	within Police Orders are ever-evolving,

1	I would encourage you to refer to them
2	often.
3	Although Police Orders comprehensively
4	addresses a broad range of issues, it
5	is not intended as a substitute for
6	sound judgement and discretion.
7	Bearing in mind that our decisions must
8	stand the test of scrutiny, employees
9	are expected to interpret Police Orders
10	reasonably and in a manner consistent
11	with the trust afforded them by this
12	organization and the public."
13	And that's the message from the
14	Commissioner.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Now sir, in reading that,
16	I'm just want to make sure I understand that Police Orders
17	are still depending on their wording, more directive or
18	imperative than other Police Orders; like some aspects?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: So you would expect that
21	orders dealing with implementing perhaps legislation, such
22	as a duty to report under the Child and Family Services
23	Act, something like that, might be more direct more
24	mandatory than perhaps some other orders?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Most definitely.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: So anything dealing with,
2	maybe a legislative or regulatory requirement?
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Whereas some things that are
5	more of a guideline, might not be as important that those
6	be followed?
7	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I don't know whether I'd
8	say it wasn't wouldn't be important that you don't
9	follow them. I just was reflecting the other day about the
10	amount of times that I've, in my career, have gone into
11	Police Orders.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
13	CHIEF RYDER: I followed Police Orders not
14	because I was concerned that I was going to be disciplined
15	if I didn't. It was actually a pretty good comfort level -
16	
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
18	CHIEF RYDER: that I knew that if I was
19	operating within the confines of Police Orders, that I
20	would have the support of my organization if I did my job
21	under those terms. So I think every officer would strive
22	to try to comply with what's in Police Orders and should
23	they vary from what's in Police Orders, I think they'd have
24	to have a pretty good explanation.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. There would have to

1	be there would be some onus on the officer to
2	demonstrate why it was necessary not to follow the order?
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
5	In fact, if officers don't follow lawful
6	orders, they can be disciplined.
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: So in that situation, you'd
9	want to have a pretty good reason or excuse why you didn't
10	follow an order?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, I want to understand
13	something about the computer system on the orders. My
14	understanding is that even before December of 2000, some of
15	the orders were available electronically.
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you explain how that was
18	different than what was available after 2000?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Well it was in the old format,
20	for example. It was just an electronic copy on DOS format
21	icon on the computer, where our officers could access
22	electronic Police Orders.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So obviously they
24	were the pre-Adequacy Regulation orders
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: and just as far as
2	accessibility; you said it was on DOS?
3	CHIEF RYDER: It was on DOS and it would be
4	on the desktop of the computers that our officers would
5	have access to.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. Obviously you
7	had the hard copies available?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Hard copies were still
9	available up to 2000.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Excuse me. Someone who
12	resists computers would have a rough time?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. They would
14	have some real difficulties.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Did those people who might
16	resist computers have some comfort after December of 2000?
17	In other words, did this get a little more user-friendly?
18	CHIEF RYDER: It did get more user-friendly.
19	Obviously, I think it's experience as well, when you have
20	to go into the system and acquire the information,
21	particularly if you didn't have hard copies to go to. It
22	was an imperative that you learned how to get into that
23	system.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: I'll just be a moment.
25	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.

1	(SHORT PAUSE/PAUSE COURTE)
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. Now, on page 15
3	of your outline, where you describe what was available
4	before, you talk about the fact that research is possible
5	with respect to Police Orders from 1990 onwards.
6	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	You also talk about what was available
9	before 1990 or what is available today, by way of
10	retrieval.
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, is it fair to say that
13	it wasn't you personally who tried to retrieve things from
14	before 1990?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: That would have been other
17	members of the OPP team here.
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	CHIEF RYDER: I'm certainly aware though, of
21	their efforts.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. So the comment
23	about,
24	"There is no useful index, no search
25	capacity and no ability to print or

1	reproduce the materials," [pre-1990]
2	that's on the basis of someone else's work?
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And there's something about
5	microfilm readers not being compatible with microfilm
6	that's available?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: There's a comment that,
9	essentially,
10	" only OPP policy since 1990, (as
11	contained in Police Orders) is
12	accessible at this time."
13	CHIEF RYDER: Is readily accessible.
14	THE COMMISSIONER: Isn't that a little
15	unusual?
16	CHIEF RYDER: It is. The information seems
17	to be there but we don't seem to have the readers to be
18	able to I say, readily accessible, to be able to go in
19	and access that information. The amount of time and
20	resources to be able to do that would be fairly
21	substantial, at least that's the information that I have
22	been told.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: We'll get into a little bit
24	about what we do have from pre-1990. We'll also talk about
25	some retention issues later.

1	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: But, at present, sir
3	THE COMMISSIONER: Well, just a minute,
4	before we go on
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
6	THE COMMISSIONER: So what you're telling me
7	is, if, for purposes of this inquiry, it and I don't
8	know it, I don't know it became relevant that we would
9	want to see what was going on in the 1980s for policies and
10	direction you're saying that that would be a monumental
11	task.
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's the information that
13	I've been provided with regard to the efforts and, I guess,
14	the capacity to be able to do it. And I'm not saying human
15	resources capacity; even the technology capacity.
16	THE COMMISSIONER: I find that surprising.
17	Okay.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: Well, we'll just go now to
19	some documents that we do have from a bit earlier.
20	THE COMMISSIONER: Sure. M'hm.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: It says that you weren't
22	personally involved in trying to find this material over
23	the last few months at all?
24	CHIEF RYDER: No, I was not.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So let's talk about

1	some material I think that you were able to find.
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: I think you were directly
4	involved
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I was.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: in finding some
7	material?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And is that what we see now
10	at page 17 of your outline, the reference to libraries?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. I believe that's on a
12	tab, Tab 21 22, sorry.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: I knew it was here
14	somewhere. Thank you.
15	All right.
16	So this is a continuation of the outline
17	that we had at Tab 1? Is that fair?
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. The reason
19	it's sort of an addition is that this information was
20	fairly recent.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
22	And I understand this recent information we
23	can thank you for, in large part.
24	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly I had a hand
25	in it.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm sorry?
2	CHIEF RYDER: I had a hand in it.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: You had a hand in it.
4	Can you explain how this information came to
5	be and why it was recent?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I guess, maybe having
7	the same concerns that the Commissioner had about what
8	information might be available with regard to Policies and
9	Procedures. I thought about the fact that we had
10	information in detachment libraries and so I had to be in
11	Orillia to pick up something for this enquiry and I made a
12	call to the Force Librarian, Kathy Dowd, and indicated
13	asked questions about the detachment library Because as I
14	did OPP in relations to Police Orders, I would have been
15	involved sometimes to update the detachment library. So I
16	asked whether or not we had any of those manuals from the
17	old detachment libraries and we spoke on the phone, and
18	when I arrived there she had some information there for me.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	So you were trying to find something dealing
21	with old Police Orders and/or policies?
22	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: And what you were able to
24	find, sir, as I understand it, are some in-service training
25	manuals?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's right, sir.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And at least one or two of
3	them have some references to the fact that there was a
4	Police Order or policy in existence.
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, because
6	there's reference right in the manual.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. Okay. Well, we'll
8	go there.
9	So in the outline that we have here we have
10	the reference that detachment libraries were to have
11	certain documents.
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
14	Just so we're clear, detachment libraries
15	back in the seventies or eighties would have existed at all
16	of those detachment locations that we saw on some of the
17	maps?
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's an assumption I'm going
19	to make. Certainly there was a library when I first
20	arrived for duty at Bradford Detachment.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. And that was in
22	the mid seventies?
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: So whether there were
25	detachment libraries in each detachment, there were

1	certainly detachment libraries in each district.
2	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I would also assume that
3	would be in all detachments as well because when we receive
4	the update to detachment libraries I would assume that it
5	would be at all detachments.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes; and that detachment
7	meant detachment.
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. All right.
10	And you list for us I think it's at Tab
11	26.
12	CHIEF RYDER: 26(c))?
13	MR. ENGELMANN: 26(c)), yes, thank you. A
14	copy of a schedule of Force library publications as at
15	1989.
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, what this document
18	tells us is it has a reference to revision records for in-
19	service training manuals.
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And in the introduction it
22	says to us that this is a schedule of publications which
23	should be held in Force library locations.
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: And is it your understanding

1	that Force library locations would be detachment libraries
2	and headquarter libraries?
3	CHIEF RYDER: And district headquarters.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, all headquarter
5	libraries and detachment libraries?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	And there's even a reference to this list of
9	items being set out in a Police Order.
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right, so there was some
12	formal requirement that the publications that are set out,
13	then, on the next page
14	CHIEF RYDER: Now, there's a reference to
15	Police Orders Part I, section 291.1, that, "the items
16	contained in these libraries have been approved by the
17	Training Education Committee". So there's a reference that
18	there was a process to get these manuals approved by way of
19	our Police Orders.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note in that same
21	paragraph, sir, there's a reference to, "revisions to this
22	list will be issued as required".
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And that's a reference to a
25	Police Order as well.

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: So apparently when there
3	were revisions to what had to be held in a department or a
4	detachment library, there would be a list?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So we have a list of,
7	or schedule of publications over the next few pages?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note, on page 6,
10	there's a reference to Police Orders.
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: It says:
13	Binders and contents require
14	application to Policy and Planning
15	Branch."
16	Do you know what that means?
17	CHIEF RYDER: I can only assume the fact
18	that if you required a set; you didn't have one, you'd have
19	to apply to Policy and Planning to acquire a set.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: But, in any event, it's
21	listed that Police Orders shall be at each detachment
22	library if they're on this list.
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And, in fact, one of the
25	publications that has to be at the location is a schedule

1	of Force library publications.
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And then, if we turn to page
4	11, we have a list of in-service training manuals on that
5	page and on page 12.
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And these would have been
8	this particular document is current as of February of 1989.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: So if we want to look for
11	child abuse, for example, on page 11
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: we're told that that is
14	in-service training manual 44?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: And that it was most
17	currently revised in June of '82.
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	And we'll come to an in-service manual
21	dealing with sex offences later on, but on page 12 there's
22	a reference to offences against a person. And it says at
23	No. 10, and I think that's the same number as the sex
24	offences one we'll come to
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: So the name of this in-
2	service training manual would have changed at some point.
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Prior to 1989.
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
7	We're not able to determine when it was last
8	revised?
9	CHIEF RYDER: No, sir.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And then there is some
11	reference to the numbers of these manuals. I'm not sure if
12	this is the number that is kept at a particular library or
13	at the head library. Are you able to help us with that?
14	I'm looking at the next couple of pages
15	where it says:
16	"Manual numbers and titles in current
17	use are listed below".
18	CHIEF RYDER: No, sir, I am not able to help
19	with that information.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay, but we have those same
21	in-service training manuals listed there?
22	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, again, if we had in-
24	service training manuals in a detachment library when would
25	was there a policy or an order, to your knowledge, and

1	it's going back on your own personal experience as to when
2	officers would actually look at them.
3	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I do know as a
4	probationary constable being directed by my coach officer
5	to read some of these in-service training manuals, I do
6	know that at times when there was promotional processes
7	certainly that seemed to be a time when the detachment
8	library there was more books signed out than other
9	times.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Is that important? Are
11	there tests when you have promotions?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, there would be some
13	tests. Back in my time, you had no idea what kind of
14	questions that you were going to be asked on. You know you
15	were going to be asked on questions, for example, on
16	investigations.
17	So you had to have a very, very broad
18	knowledge of how to do all sorts of investigations and what
19	the law requirements are. So you would really try to, I
20	guess, acquire as much knowledge as you could so that you
21	could have a chance at being successful.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: So that would be a time when
23	more officers sign these books out.
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, back in the seventies,

1	eighties and presumably parts of the nineties, if police
2	officers wanted to access the Police Orders, they would go
3	to the detachment library.
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And, of
5	course, there'd probably be almost daily use, depending on
6	the kind of investigations or administration. As the
7	officer is doing their work they would refer to Police
8	Orders several times. It could be on how you acquire
9	equipment, what reports that you had to put in and if you
10	had to send let's say, our discussion yesterday about
11	that teletype.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
12	III. ENGELPHAN. ICS.
13	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a
13	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a
13 14	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident
13 14 15	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be
13 14 15 16	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did
13 14 15 16 17	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did these kind of notifications. So you'd take Police Orders
13 14 15 16 17 18	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did these kind of notifications. So you'd take Police Orders out and use that as a guide before you sent your message,
13 14 15 16 17 18	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did these kind of notifications. So you'd take Police Orders out and use that as a guide before you sent your message, to make sure that you had a complete submission.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did these kind of notifications. So you'd take Police Orders out and use that as a guide before you sent your message, to make sure that you had a complete submission. MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	CHIEF RYDER: If you had to send in a preliminary fatal investigation, a traffic accident investigation, you would go to Police Orders and there'd be the mandatory fields that you had to address when you did these kind of notifications. So you'd take Police Orders out and use that as a guide before you sent your message, to make sure that you had a complete submission. MR. ENGELMANN: All right. And was there someone responsible for these

had more administrative-type duties. It would be an

1	assignment. It wasn't a permanent assignment. It would be
2	rotated.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And, again, if there were
4	changes to the in-service manuals, we note that there were
5	revisions from time to time when we look at that list at
6	26(c). How would those be brought to the attention of
7	officers?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Similar to the eight-day board
9	process, that memo that we just looked at would probably be
10	posted.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	CHIEF RYDER: And then after it was finished
13	to the eight-day board, it would be filed at the detachment
14	under the $26(c)$, under the $148-11$ filing system at the
15	detachment.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So an eight-day board
17	
18	CHIEF RYDER: and then into the file.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: How does that differ from
20	today?
21	CHIEF RYDER: We have a web page that our
22	officers on our internet site that can access all sorts of
23	information.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Maybe we'll leave
25	that for just a bit later.

1	CHIEF RYDER: Okay.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: You can explain to us.
3	CHIEF RYDER: Okay.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: It's somewhat easier to do.
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And the officer can do it
7	right from his or her computer.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Definitely.
9	THE COMMISSIONER: Not every office has a
10	computer.
11	CHIEF RYDER: Not a personal computer
12	assigned, but all officers have access to computers and
13	would be on a computer each and every day.
14	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
15	So let's go back to your outline then, sir,
16	and look at a couple of the in-service manuals. You were
17	able to find that pre-dates 1990?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: You list one at the top of
20	page 18 of the outline.
21	CHIEF RYDER: At the "Sex Crime" No. 10?
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
23	And that is found at Tab 23.
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
25	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, this first page,
2	actually, the second page in, says "in-service training,
3	library edition, sex crimes 1976-77".
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
6	So this would be available in the detachment
7	library as one of those in-training service manuals?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And are they in these big
10	binders like police orders or are they in some other form?
11	CHIEF RYDER: No. These are duotang binders
12	and they would be in a at least going back to Bradford
13	days, we had a little library with a slot that had a No. 10
14	and it would be in that slot.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: So let's just run through
16	this quickly. It appears just from looking at the first
17	page of text there's a concern about the increase in sex
18	or crimes of a sexual nature?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And we have, following on
21	page 2 onwards, a number of definitions
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: that officers were given
24	dealing with various terms?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Then, there's some reference
2	to characteristics of sexual offenders?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: I think it's important we
5	recall the time that this was written.
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. Yes, it's a little out
7	of date today.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
9	And then there is a description of the
10	various Criminal Code offences that deal with sex crimes or
11	that are sex crimes?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, that were in place
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Starting at about page 8?
14	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. That were in place at
15	that time, page 9.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, these sections have
17	changed over time.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, they have.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: So for example, if we're
20	looking at historical child sexual abuse having some record
21	of old sections and old law might be useful. Is that fair?
22	CHIEF RYDER: That's fair.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: So we have a definition of
24	various sections and then, as well sometimes, a brief
25	description of a case that deals with the Criminal Code

provision?

2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And how if officers
4	wanted to know about changes to the law over time or
5	legislative amendments or recent case law, how would that
6	information get to you?
7	CHIEF RYDER: Well, once again, it's making
8	an assumption but obviously the in-service training we
9	would using sex crimes as an example I would expect
10	if there was a change in the law that put this information
11	out of date that there would be a revision package come out
12	to the attachment and, once again, that process of saying,
13	"Here is the revised library copy. Destroy these pages.
14	Here is the new pages" and it would be on the eight-day
15	board.
16	There is also it could be a memo that
17	comes out from the district crime unit back to the district
18	days that could indicate the fact that there was some
19	change in the law that required different types of police
20	procedures.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And would the communication
22	of case law and/or legislative changes be different now
23	than when you started as a police officer?
24	CHIEF RYDER: They are much more readily
25	accessible.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And would you have
2	seen changes throughout your 31 years in how that
3	information was communicated to you?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
6	And was it ever communicated through
7	journals or other mechanisms?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Journals?
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Like a newspaper or internal
10	newspapers to the police, things of that nature.
11	CHIEF RYDER: We had the "Police Beat" for a
12	period of time that was prepared by our library that
13	once again, under the auspices of new case law and how that
14	affected how our police officers should conduct their
15	business.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And we'll hear about
17	some of the training that might have been offered to police
18	officers and other witnesses.
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: So we have a description
21	here in Tab 23, "Sex Crimes", No. 10, of a number of
22	offences and some descriptor under each one?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And as we noted, sometimes a
25	reference to relevant case law?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Then there is also some
3	recommendations or guidelines as to how one might want to
4	investigate
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: certain sex offences and
7	that starts at page 24.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note in that section
10	there's also a reference to interviewing a child victim.
11	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: So this presumably not only
13	deals with sex crimes generally but there is some concern
14	about sex crimes against children and how you might want to
15	interview children?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Most definitely.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note, sir, there's
18	even a reference, but I think this is to a juvenile alleged
19	offender as opposed to victim on page 27?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. Its some
21	rules while you are interviewing a juvenile suspect.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Sorry, it's suspect, yes.
23	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And then there is
25	instructions on dealing with medical evidence?

1	CHIEF RYDER: It's a collection of evidence.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
3	And then, again, you have a glossary of
4	terms in the appendices?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: I must say, some interesting
7	reading.
8	And then, also, references to nine judges'
9	rules?
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you have some
12	recollection as to what that's about?
13	CHIEF RYDER: Well, it's on admissibility of
14	evidence.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
16	Is there I didn't notice any reference to
17	historical sexual assaults here, but I assume this was to
18	deal with sex crimes or sex offences generally?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And we're not sure when this
21	was revised?
22	CHIEF RYDER: No, we're not.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: This is the only copy of a
24	sex crimes in-service training manual that was available
25	from the OPP Central Library?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: We do know, according to
3	that earlier tab we looked at, that as at February of '89,
4	No. 10 is now called "Offences Against a Person".
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: So presumably, there had
7	been an overhaul of some sort of this training manual?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That would be my assumption.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: But we're not sure how many
10	times that happened or when that happened between '75-76
11	and 1989?
12	CHIEF RYDER: No, I'm not aware of that, no.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: And in fact, the
14	"Offences Against the Person No. 10" from 1989, we don't
15	have either? We don't have a copy of that?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Of the "Offences Against the
17	Person"?
18	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
19	CHIEF RYDER: No, we don't.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: The one that replaces this,
21	the successor?
22	CHIEF RYDER: No, we don't.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
24	Then, you were able to find, with the help
25	of a librarian, no doubt; is that fair?

1	CHIEF RYDER: At the same time.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes a manual entitled
3	"No. 44, Child Abuse"?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note just from about
6	the second or third page in there's a stamp and it says
7	that this was amended to October of 1989.
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And we know from that
10	previous document we looked at, 26(c), that in February of
11	'89 this particular in-service training manual had not been
12	amended since June of '82.
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: But something happened
15	presumably in or about 1989 which led to these revisions?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: In fact, I note in this
18	document there is a reference to C-15 and changes to the
19	Criminal Code.
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Starting in 1988?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir, there is.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, we don't have the 1982
24	or any other versions of the child abuse in-service
25	training manual?

1	CHIEF RYDER: No, I don't.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: This is it?
3	CHIEF RYDER: This is it.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
5	So again, this would be in a duotang and
6	this would be available or should be available in a
7	detachment library?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And constables should look
10	at this, presumably, when they're I forget the term you
11	used, at the beginning, probationary?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Probationary. It should be as
13	part of their continuous learning.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Right, and then, of course,
15	if they are seeking a promotion that might be a time when
16	they would look at it?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That would be a time, I'm
18	sure, that they would look at a lot of publications in the
19	library.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And again, like with the
21	earlier one we looked at for sex crimes, there are
22	descriptions of applicable legislation?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, there is.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And with descriptors
25	starting at about page 8?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And for example, I'm looking
3	at page 14, the second full paragraph:
4	"Corroboration of a child's unsworn
5	testimony is no longer required".
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And this is in a revised
8	version of the child abuse training manual?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, and this goes back to our
10	earlier discussion about a way of notifying our officers of
11	new legislation and this is probably a perfect example
12	where a revised training manual came to the detachment to
13	reflect new legislation.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: I note, just having skimmed
15	through this, there are a number of occasions where it says
16	"no longer required" or something about a change.
17	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
19	Now, the document also makes a reference to
20	responsibilities of police officers at page 27.
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: And that carries on through
23	page 29?
24	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: And it references the fact -

1	- it references a couple of subsections of the police
2	orders?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it does. It refers to
4	sections 1375.1 and 1375.2 of Police Orders in Part 10.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And my understanding
6	is that, at least from what we see on page 28, that those
7	particular police orders refer directly to requirements
8	under the Child and Family Services Act?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: For example, the duty to
11	report that officers had?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Along with other
14	professions?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct, sir.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: So we know that there's some
17	reference to responsibilities of police officers under the
18	Child and Family Services Act that were incorporated into
19	police orders as at the time of this publication?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Which is at or about 1989?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: And in fact, that seems to
24	be elaborated on a little bit on page 29 with respect to
25	police officers involvement with the CAS and, again, the

1	reference to the Child and Family Services Act?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, under No. 2.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
4	And there is also a descriptor on page 31
5	and 32 about the offender and some views that are expressed
6	about the typical offender, reasons for abuse, et cetera?
7	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it was laid out in this
8	particular part of the manual.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And as well, we see a
10	reference again to preparing for an interview and some
11	aspects about what's important when interviewing an alleged
12	victim of child abuse?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, this is, again, in-
15	service training and the direction that's given here and
16	the training that's given, these are suggestions or
16 17	
	the training that's given, these are suggestions or
17	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should
17 18	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should conclude an interview, how they should conduct an
17 18 19	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should conclude an interview, how they should conduct an interview, where they should conduct an interview, et
17 18 19 20	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should conclude an interview, how they should conduct an interview, where they should conduct an interview, et cetera?
17 18 19 20 21	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should conclude an interview, how they should conduct an interview, where they should conduct an interview, et cetera? CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17 18 19 20 21 22	the training that's given, these are suggestions or recommendations as to how, say, a police officer should conclude an interview, how they should conduct an interview, where they should conduct an interview, et cetera? CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir. MR. ENGELMANN: These aren't formal orders

1	officers in how they fulfill these functions?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Certainly, when there is new
3	legislation
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
5	CHIEF RYDER: these guidelines are very
6	important.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, and I would think when
8	they refer when an in-service training guideline
9	actually refers to a Police Order
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: with respect to a
12	legislative requirement that's of some significance.
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Perhaps of greater
15	significance is
16	CHIEF RYDER: Of greater significance.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	And I understand as well, sir, that there
19	was a training manual dealing specifically with
20	interviewing witnesses
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: that you were able to
23	find.
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, No. 48, and that manual -
25	- -

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Is that the manual we see at
2	Tab 25 of the book?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Again, this manual here, if
5	we look at the second page, dated 1982-83?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And if memory serves me,
8	this is No. 48?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, the date of the most
11	current revision was June of '83. So this as of
12	February '89 this is still presumably current according to
13	the schedule listings in 26(c)?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And again, this is an in-
16	service training manual that should have been available in
17	detachment libraries?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: I'll just be a moment.
20	There is just a caption near the beginning
21	about the "qualities of a good investigator".
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: And "interviewing processes
24	and techniques, developing rapport, documenting, interview
25	model", et cetera, the "timing, place".

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm just wondering I
3	mean, we're talking about in-service training that is
4	setting something out in 1982-83. I don't know if you have
5	had an opportunity to look at this and I am just wondering
6	if some of those same qualities and suggestions that are
7	set out there are still applicable today.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, some would be applicable
9	today.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And again, there is a
11	reference to "caution when you are dealing with juveniles"?
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: And there is a specific
14	section starting at page 19 dealing with interviewing crime
15	victims.
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And issues about dealing
18	with victims of rape in particular.
19	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And there are checklists for
21	conducting victim witness interviews starting on page 23.
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: About some of the things
24	that one might be looking for in interviewing a victim of
25	crime.

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it's a checklist to
2	ensure that all the different areas are covered.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And that seems to be fairly
4	generic in nature.
5	CHIEF RYDER: It is generic.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: I must say, I particularly
7	enjoyed Appendix 1 about "body signals can help you read a
8	person's mind" but I will leave that for people to read.
9	They seem to be quite positive no matter what it is that
10	you are doing.
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	Okay. So those were the in-service training
14	manuals that you were able to find that were in any way
15	relevant to what we are dealing with here, investigations
16	of sexual offences, child sexual abuse, et cetera.
17	CHIEF RYDER: I hope that the librarian was
18	able to
19	MR. ENGELMANN: That the librarian was able
20	to find it through your direction.
21	CHIEF RYDER: At my request.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: At your request, yes.
23	CHIEF RYDER: Thank you.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Let's give credit where
25	credit is due.

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
3	And sir, as I understand it, aside from the
4	listing or schedule of Force library publications that were
5	in existence as at 1989 at 26(b) there is a schedule of
6	Ontario Provincial Police Library publications available as
7	at 1993?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And then, again, we have at
10	26(a) a more recent listing or schedule of publications and
11	video inventory, and this is again, the reference here
12	is to OPP Regional Headquarters and Detachment Resource
13	Centers.
14	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct and you can
15	see now as emerging technology that now some of the
16	publications are actually links to Internet sites.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. So for example, if we
18	look through the publication, 26(a), under "Publications
19	and Statutes" there are links to get various federal and/or
20	provincial statutes?
21	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: And we actually see links
23	for several other things as well.
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Including your police

1	orders?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you have a video
4	inventory of videos. These are videos that are available
5	at each detachment's library?
6	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And now these detachment
8	libraries are known as detachment resource centers?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That is right.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Just before we leave this
11	area, can you tell us a little bit about the Eric Silk
12	Library, where that is and how it's accessible to members
13	of the Ontario Provincial Police?
14	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. It's located at our
15	General Headquarters in Orillia on our main floor on what
16	we call the public street. It's accessible to the public.
17	It's accessible to our members.
18	Prior to the ability for the library to be
19	fully online where now officers can access publications
20	from their work locations through the Internet, they
21	provided services where either by email or by a
22	telephone call. The librarian would search the particular
23	inventory that she has in the library for books relating
24	to, or for publications/videos with regard to a specific
25	topic and if there were some relevant materials then the

1	librarian would facilitate getting these materials to the
2	officers by way of courier, by way of regular mail but now,
3	as I say, we do have a catalogue that allows the officers
4	to be able to access and order their own materials.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And I understand, sir, that
6	this new system it's accessibility to the library
7	through your Intranet?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Has been available now for
10	approximately three years?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	And you say that the:
14	"Access to the Erik Silk Library
15	research online via the Intranet is now
16	expedient and provides users with a
17	wide breadth of material and
18	sophisticated research can be done and
19	desired books can be ordered."
20	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And I understand at Tab 27
22	what you've done is you have tried to give us an indication
23	in paper form about how an officer from a computer can
24	access some of these materials?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you want to just take us
2	through that briefly? I understand that the site itself is
3	only accessible to OPP members?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And so we don't have an
6	actual demonstration but what you have done is you've
7	provided us with some hard copies at Tab 27 to explain how
8	an officer can do a search; for example, of perhaps a
9	relevant topic to our discussion here.
10	CHIEF RYDER: I'd be pleased to do that.
11	So looking at the screen now this is what an
12	officer would see when they would call up our Intranet page
13	and the first as obviously, you'll see that there is
14	some items that are in the news. So this is also an
15	opportunity for our officers to be kept up to date on
16	current events. So it gives them a reason to go to that
17	page.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: So this is the home page?
19	CHIEF RYDER: This is the home page of
20	connections. I earlier talked about the superintendent
21	being promoted to chief. That would have been under that
22	executive appointment that you see here. That's how recent
23	that that happened.
24	So if I was to click on "Police Orders" top
25	right-hand side of the page, the next screen you would get

1	is a screen called "Police Orders".
2	MR. ENGELMANN: That's what we have now
3	coming up on our screen?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct. And you can
5	see that there is a link "OPP Orders May 2006 Revision".
6	Just like we did hardcopy revisions, this is
7	the electronic revision. So this would alert our officers
8	that there has been a revision of police orders and when
9	they were to click on that particular link they would be
10	advised of what the substance of those revisions were and
11	they would have access to police orders, all the volumes of
12	police orders so that they could do whatever search they
13	wanted to do and access the different parts of police
14	orders.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: So I'm on the computer as
16	constable, I'm looking at this page now, and if I want
17	police orders dealing with victim assistance I know to go
18	to Chapter 3?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
21	CHIEF RYDER: And if we could go back to the
22	page 1 of this tab?
23	MR. ENGELMANN: "Police" sorry.
24	CHIEF RYDER: Which is the home page again.
25	Just to outline another resource available,

1	staying on the right-hand side of the page, you can see
2	"Case Law Updates" and if you were to click on that link
3	_
4	MR. ENGELMANN: It's about a third of the
5	way down the page, sir?
6	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Then, the "Case Law Updates",
9	I guess, home page would come up.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: It should be the third
11	document then. Yes, there we go.
12	CHIEF RYDER: And you can see there's
13	resources here; the Canadian Legal Information Institute,
14	case law a direct link to that site the Police Beat,
15	which summarizes court decisions and new legislation and
16	that is prepared by our librarian. There is some advanced
17	patrol training newsletters and the Police Law Digest. You
18	can note, if you scroll down on this particular page
19	continue there is some recent court decisions that have
20	been highlighted on this particular page.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: So what if are we getting
22	the actual decision there?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Are we getting a commentary
25	on it?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. You will get the
2	decision. You would be able to click on that case law and
3	get more details.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And then this publication we
5	talked about earlier, Police Beat
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: might have a descriptor
8	about the decision?
9	CHIEF RYDER: It might give you a short
10	summary of the decision and how that impacts on day-to-day
11	policing.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	CHIEF RYDER: So once again, if we were to
14	go back to the home page, and then if we could scroll down
15	and now look at the left side under "Support and Services"
16	you'll see there is a directories "Research and
17	Resources". If we were to click on "Research and
18	Resources" we would get the Research and Resources home
19	page. This is a wealth of information with regard to all
20	sorts of information available to officers.
21	So if we could click on our library we would
22	get the "Introduction to the Erik Silk Library" as depicted
23	on the screen.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: M'hm.
25	CHIEF RYDER: And if you look to the left

1	under "Erik Silk Library" on the third bullet down it talks
2	about library catalogues.
3	So if you were to click on library catalogue
4	you would get the next screen.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: There it is, yes.
6	CHIEF RYDER: So you'll have a this is a
7	search screen, and for purposes of this demonstration I
8	typed in the words "child abuse" and then I would have
9	typed the hit submit query and then I would have
10	received some results.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: So we have 95 searches found
12	or 95 records?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And you can
13 14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And you can see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an
14	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an
14 15	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the
141516	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could
14151617	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could be a journal. And there's a and I'll get to soon
14 15 16 17 18	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could be a journal. And there's a and I'll get to soon there's a link to "view items". So if you want to get more
14 15 16 17 18	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could be a journal. And there's a and I'll get to soon there's a link to "view items". So if you want to get more specific information about that particular publication you
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could be a journal. And there's a and I'll get to soon there's a link to "view items". So if you want to get more specific information about that particular publication you can click on view item and you will get something that will
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	see, as the 95 records comes up there's a title, there's an author if applicable, date of the publication and then the format. It may be a book. It might be a video. It could be a journal. And there's a and I'll get to soon there's a link to "view items". So if you want to get more specific information about that particular publication you can click on view item and you will get something that will pop up that will describe more about the article.

that I've shown all 95 in this particular one. So you can

1	go to where I clicked on number 63, page 12. So if an
2	officer was to click on number 63 they would get the title
3	of the book, the author. There would be a source of the
4	information, and they'd give you an abstract.
5	In this particular article it's discussed
6	the nature and symptoms of the four categories of child
7	abuse, physical abuse, neglect, sexual abuse and emotional
8	maltreatment. And there's a notation to "add to cart", and
9	so if an officer wanted that publication they could click
10	and that would start ordering that publication for that
11	officer.
12	I provided
13	MR. ENGELMANN: You provided an example for
14	number 64 and number 77 as well
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: on the next couple of
17	pages.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I did.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you did another
20	search, did you not?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. I did another search,
22	and that's on page 15, and on sexual abuse. And when I
23	submitted that query and I didn't reproduce them all,
24	but I had 112 records.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: You have the first 20

1	listed?
2	CHIEF RYDER: I have the first 20 listed.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	And again, we have the title, the author,
5	the date, the format
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: and the ability to view
8	the item?
9	CHIEF RYDER: And the ability to view and
10	order.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And sir, you have a couple
12	of other references here to the Erik Silk Library.
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I do.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: and Research and
15	Resources. Can you just explain those as well?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. This is under
17	Reference Services you'll get the link for if you scroll
18	down sorry, this would be on page 17. Scroll down.
19	You'll see the reference to the detachment resources
20	centers and a link to the Schedule of Publications and
21	Video Inventory, and that is the
22	MR. ENGELMANN: This is the 26(a) that we
23	looked at?
24	CHIEF RYDER: The 26(a) that is in our
25	materials.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
2	CHIEF RYDER: And then if we were to go page
3	18, once again we're going back to the Research and
4	Resources page, and if we could scroll down you can see
5	that there is a Community Policing Resource Centre
6	database, and if you scroll up just a bit there's "Adequacy
7	Standards" under "Library", and if you were to click on
8	that and go to page 19 there would be the information
9	around the Adequacy Standards. You could click right to
10	the regulations. And if you scroll down you will see
11	significant information, that you could continue to get
12	information on adequacy and effectiveness of police
13	regulation, all chief's memorandum, an overview of the
14	regulations, guide to questions and answers, et cetera, as
15	a resource.
16	Then, if you were to go to page 20 there is
17	another screen that you can get to from the research page.
18	If you scroll down these are operational field briefings
19	and you can list them by year or topic.
20	So you can see here that this is by doing
21	a list by topic you will get a list of all the operational
22	field briefings that have been in place.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you just tell us briefly
24	what that is, an operational field briefing?
25	CHIEF RYDER: It's information that's sent

1 out to the detachment to assist. It's sort of like an in-2 service, mini in-service training. 3 So with regard, there's a lot more 4 information on that Intranet site but I wanted to give you 5 a flavour of how quickly officers can navigate this Intranet site and get a wealth of information, and I 6 7 tailored it somewhat here with regard to information about 8 sexual abuse, child abuse. 9 MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Thanks very much. 10 THE COMMISSIONER: Let's take a break. 11 We're on break 15 minutes. Thank you. 12 THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. À l'ordre. 13 Veuillez vous lever. The hearing will reconvene at 11:35 a.m. 14 15 --- Upon recessing at 11:22 a.m./ 16 L'audience est suspendue à 11h22 17 --- Upon resuming at 11:41 a.m./ 18 L'audience est reprise 11h41 19 THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. À 20 l'ordre. Veuillez vous lever. 21 This hearing of the Cornwall Public Inquiry is now in session. 22 23 Please be seated. Veuillez vous asseoir. 24 M.F. (FRANK) RYDER, Resumed/Sous le meme serment:

--- EXAMINATION IN-CHIEF BY/INTERROGATOIRE EN-CHEF PAR MR.

1	ENGELMANN (Cont'd./Suite)
2	THE COMMISSIONER: So where are you taking
3	us now, Mr. Engelmann?
4	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm happy to say we're going
5	to take on another one of these books. This book is a
6	little well, actually it's probably as thick. It's
7	Volume 3. It should say "Book of Documents - Ontario
8	Provincial Police Community Policing". It will not take
9	nearly as long to go through. We have dealt with this
10	topic to some extent with Chief Parkinson from the Cornwall
11	Police Service.
12	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: But we want the OPP
14	perspective on it and what they've done with respect to
15	community policing, and Chief Ryder is going to talk to us
16	about that.
17	So again, as with other volumes, we have an
18	outline of the evidence.
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: That's at Tab 1.
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: And that's prepared by
23	counsel but you had some input into that?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I did.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: And it sets out in summary

1	fashion some background from the OPP's perspective on
2	community policing?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: So before I get into the
5	specifics of the outline, I'd like you to just talk to us
6	generally about community policing, and I know that the OPP
7	has a philosophy on it, and I think it's at Tab 14. So if
8	you do want to refer to that. I just want to get a sense
9	from you about community policing from an OPP perspective.
10	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I'll start off by making
11	some general comments, if I may. I mean, obviously the OPP
12	has adopted a philosophy of community policing, which I
13	will get to in a little while. But certainly community
14	policing is important in the delivery of policing services
15	because it's about police and the community working
16	together to support each others efforts to make our
17	community safe and to improve the overall feeling of safety
18	while being and to reduce victimization.
19	Community policing strengthens
20	relationships, develops awareness and understanding and
21	reduces the fear of police, and enhances and supports
22	positive police and community communication, builds and
23	sustains strong positive relationships with the community,
24	supports intelligence gathering from a practical point of
25	view, information sharing and reporting.

1	It certainly supports outreach and
2	diversity, and it is the fundamental philosophy or
3	principle under which all our policing services is
4	delivered.
5	If I can take you to Tab 14?
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Sure.
7	CHIEF RYDER: This OPP policing philosophy
8	is listed in our Police Orders that we referred to several
9	times. And the statement is that:
10	"Community policing is a fundamental
11	principal under which all our policing
12	services will be delivered."
13	And then there are six bullets that indicate how we intend
14	to do that.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And where would we find this
16	OPP policing philosophy? Where does it come from? Where
17	is it set out?
18	CHIEF RYDER: It's set out in OPP Police
19	Orders in the "Introduction of Police Orders".
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And if you want to
21	take us through or elaborate on any of those, sir I
22	think you've touched upon several just in what you've just
23	told us. Certainly, in the second bullet:
24	"Providing policing services that are
25	consistent with identified concerns,

1	expectations and needs requires some
2	communication with members of the
3	community and community stakeholders."
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	And one of the other ones I might want to
6	speak to is:
7	"Create an open and a responsive
8	working environment which encourages
9	commitment and creativity by all
10	members in the design and application
11	of community policing services."
12	And the fifth:
13	"Increase our effectiveness through the
14	application of innovative reactive and
15	proactive policing services."
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, this particular inquiry
17	is dealing with allegations of historical abuse against
18	young people in the Cornwall area.
19	CHIEF RYDER: M'hm.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And we've heard from experts
21	dealing with this type of abuse, in particular sexual abuse
22	of children, and they told us there are that these types
23	of crimes are under-reported or in some cases just not
24	reported at all.
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And they've talked about
2	some of the difficulties that people have coming forward
3	talking about being abused or being sexually abused. And
4	some of those concerns and some of those difficulties have
5	dealt with a relationship with the police.
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And for example, we've heard
8	concerns from context witnesses about alleged victims may
9	feel intimidated or a fear of police officers. They may
10	fear they may sense that they're not going to be
11	believed. There may be some apathy or indifference or
12	insensitivity. Those concerns have been raised as possible
13	reasons for under-reporting or not reporting.
14	I'm wondering how, if at all, community
15	policing might address some of those concerns.
16	CHIEF RYDER: I would be pleased to answer
17	that question. I certainly want to qualify my remarks that
18	I'm no way an expert in, I guess, the dynamics of why
19	victims come forward or do not come forward, but certainly
20	from the perspective of community policing, from my earlier
21	comments obviously it's about maintaining and building
22	effective relationships within the community within all
23	segments of the community.
24	I did have an opportunity to review some of
25	Dr. Wolfe's testimony about the complexity and all the

different factors that are brought to bear that make it
difficult for victims to come forward. Certainly, if in
particular circumstances it is fear of the police or
mistrust of the police or just a lack of awareness of the
process and how that process might unfold, there is a
possibility that a strong community relationship with the
police may facilitate an opportunity for these people to
come forward to report their victimization.

However, having said that, and once again reading Dr. Wolfe's testimony and the many other factors, I just don't know how much community policing would affect that because, in the evidence of Dr. Wolfe, it's very, very difficult for victims to confide in family members, friends, and whether or not a very strong effective community policing environment might increase the reporting by victims, I just don't think it would have a significant impact.

On the other hand, strong community relations, strong involvement in the community and the many opportunities that we can engage the community in discussions around sexual abuse and victimization. There's a possibility that there will be increased awareness of other community members, like neighbours and teachers that may look for, or get a sense that there may be some problem happening with a child or if somebody has disclosed to them

1	about a historic sexual assault, there's a possibility that
2	we might get third party complaints.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	So if it addresses the actual concern if
5	one of the concerns is fear of police or distrust,
6	disbelief, it may help with that issue.
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: It may also help, as you
9	say, third parties come forward.
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And you talked about,
12	"supports intelligence gathering".
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Is that consistent with that
15	comment?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. What about, I mean,
18	some of the community policing obviously is interactions
19	with youth and schools.
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: One of the other issues
22	we've heard about is that sometimes victims of child sexual
23	abuse don't know at that time that they're actually being
24	victimized. It's something that they discover later. How,
25	if at all, does community policing possibly address that?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I think once again, it
2	would be in education and awareness, interactions with the
3	community, at the schools, with regard to advising
4	children, for example, just like we do now on Internet
5	safety, that letting them know when things are
6	inappropriate, that that might bring forward victims to
7	disclose either directly to the police or through a third
8	party.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you see community
10	policing having a role say, with agencies like minor hockey
11	or other youth-serving agencies
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: promoting education and
14	awareness?
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I would.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, then just looking at
17	your outline, you've run through for us some of the
18	"Declarations of Principle". They're set out on the first
19	page of your outline.
20	CHIEF RYDER: This is the provincial
21	legislation under the Police Services Act.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm sorry. Yes.
23	And the requirement of the community
24	policing model has been set out since when?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Since 1990. The opening

1	section of the Police Services Act sets out a declaration
2	of a principle which highlights the emphasis on community
3	policing.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, I note, for example,
5	the third one. I think you've talked a little bit about
6	this from the perspective of the OPP principles, about that
7	need for cooperation.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Most definitely.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
10	Do you have anything to add on the fourth
11	point?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly the importance
13	of respect to victims of crime and understanding their
14	needs. That goes back to our Promise
15	MR. ENGELMANN: M'hm.
16	CHIEF RYDER: of being able to treat
17	everyone with respect and understanding what they're going
18	through and trying to provide them with necessary support.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
20	It appears five and six also are set out
21	here in your Promise about diversity
22	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: and issues of that
24	nature.
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, aside from being in the
2	Police Services Act the concept of and development of
3	community policing is also a requirement in the Adequacy
4	Regulations. Is that correct?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes it is, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And you set that out on the
7	second page of your outline?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I do.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And in fact, sir, at
10	Tab 3, those regulations are reproduced?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, they are.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And you've cited several
13	sections of the regulations
14	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I did.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: that touch upon
16	community policing?
17	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir. And there are, if I
18	could take you to Tab 4, there are also references in the
19	Policing Standards Manual, in relation to community
20	policing.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
22	So these work together with those Adequacy
23	Regulations?
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: I don't know if we've talked

1	about this earlier, but you explained what the Policing
2	Standards Manual is at paragraph 3.
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. That manual
4	is published by our Policing Services division and the
5	Ministry of the Solicitor General, at the time, in order to
6	assist police services with their understanding and
7	implementation of the Police Service Act and its
8	regulations and in particular the regulation on adequacy
9	standards.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: So what we see at Tab 4 is -
11	- when it says a sample board policy this would be an
12	example of a policy on community policing?
13	CHIEF RYDER: On problem oriented policing?
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Right, for a local police
15	services board?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And sir, just to go back to
18	your outline for a minute, I note one of the references or
19	a couple of the references, you talk about under your
20	under the Adequacy Regulations, are the requirement to
21	prepare business plans.
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: And as part of that
24	requirement, there's a requirement to deal with community-
25	based crime prevention initiatives?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct, and on Tab 5,
2	also reproduced Police Standards Manual (2000), "Framework
3	for Business Planning". And if I were to take you to the
4	second bullet and I guess the first sub-bullet:
5	"quantitative and qualitative
6	performance objectives and indicators
7	relating to:
8	the police service's provision of
9	community-based crime prevention
10	initiatives, community patrol and
11	criminal investigation services"
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And as well, sir and
13	that's all a reference to section 30 of the Adequacy
14	Standard I note as well at Tab 5, there's a reference to
15	section 32, and how is that significant from a community-
16	based policing model?
17	CHIEF RYDER: The:
18	"32(1) requires the board to enter
19	into a protocol with municipal council
20	that sets out dates by which the
21	business plan should be provided to
22	municipal council, the responsibility
23	for making it public, and if municipal
24	council chooses, jointly determining
25	and participating in the consultation

1	processes for the development of the
2	business plan."
3	Furthermore, it:
4	"requires a board to consult with
5	its municipal council, school boards,
6	community organizations and groups,
7	businesses and members of the public
8	during the development of the business
9	plan."
10	MR. ENGELMANN: So we see not just
11	consultations but a number of protocols
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: involving police
14	services boards and various other agencies?
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: How, again, does this work
17	when the OPP is either the contract or non-contract police
18	force for the community?
19	CHIEF RYDER: In the areas where the OPP is
20	hired by contract, we do report to a police services board.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: In those circumstances,
22	then, that's how 32 would come about. You'd be in
23	consultations with that local police services board?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. There's consultations
25	through our entire business planning process to one degree

1	or another.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
3	Now you talk about, in your outline at page
4	3, some of the early community policing initiatives that
5	were commenced by the OPP.
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And you say this starts as
8	early as the mid-seventies?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. In 1974,
10	there was a report that's listed here on Tab 6 and it
11	relates to some information of a report that would have
12	been prepared by the Organization and Management
13	Development Project.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you have any idea what
15	that is or what part of the OPP would have been working on
16	that?
17	CHIEF RYDER: No, I don't. This appears to
18	me to be a project set together to look at the role of the
19	Force and define certain objectives for the Force.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, I note that you've
21	highlighted or you've reduced Tab 6 into several paragraphs
22	on page 3 of your outline.
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: I'd like you to speak in
25	particular to the paragraph dealing with the target role

1	and the combination of the concept of a law officer, et
2	cetera.
3	CHIEF RYDER: Certainly.
4	That information in that document indicated
5	that:
6	"The target role is seen as a
7	combination of the concept of a law
8	officer, who uses the latest technology
9	for effective crime control with the
10	image of a peace officer who uses
11	effective prevention and increased
12	personal contact to develop community
13	support in maintaining law and order.
14	The goal is to be a sensitive and
15	humane people-oriented protective
16	service organized to deal with law
17	enforcement on a preventative rather
18	than a crisis basis."
19	MR. ENGELMANN: I note as well, you say, or
20	this report says:
21	"The capacity of policemen to function
22	effectively is severely jeopardized
23	without strong public support of the
24	police function."
25	CHIEF RYDER: And that's still true today.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And you see community
2	policing as an essential component of having that or
3	obtaining that strong public support?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, on the next page of
6	your outline you take us through, as I understand it, some
7	of the places where community policing initiatives were
8	being worked on in the OPP, in the seventies, eighties and
9	nineties.
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, predominantly where the
11	community policing fit in our organization and a little bit
12	about their mandate.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
14	So you start with, obviously this, this role
15	from the mid-seventies and where was that work being done
16	at that time?
17	CHIEF RYDER: It was in the Community
18	Services Branch within Staff Services.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: So if we're looking at Tab 7
20	and this is a document we looked at before in another book
21	
22	CHIEF RYDER: It would be on the "Services"
23	side of this organizational chart. Right underneath
24	"Services", there's "Staff Services Division" led by an
25	Assistant Commissioner and the very bottom box is

1	"Community Services Branch".
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And then in 1983, at Tab 8,
3	we have "Community Service Branch" now in the "Field
4	Support Division"?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you tell us in your
7	outline that something changes in 1985
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: with respect to this
10	unit.
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. The Community Services
12	Branch was replaced by Community Services Section. It
13	became a section within another branch called "Field
14	Coordination Branch" and that branch was responsible for
15	designing and developing and implementing programs to be
16	used by field divisions. So one of the sections in their
17	branch was Community Services Section.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
19	As I understand it, you started to have
20	community services coordinators at or about this time?
21	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: We have community services
23	coordinators described at the top of page 5 of your
24	outline. Is that correct?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And can you give us some
2	sense as to what their functions were within the OPP?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. They had to:
4	"establish and maintain liaison with
5	and provide assistance to schools,
6	safety and other pertinent agencies,
7	and the news media in the district.
8	They will assist and coordinate the
9	efforts of members performing this
10	function at the detachment level."
11	Recognizing again that now we're in a district and
12	detachment setting, at this particular time of our history.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. That was the mid to
14	late eighties?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, you then talk about the
17	fact that Community Services Section has been replaced by
18	Community Policing Services Unit and some of the other
19	changes that take place in or around 1990.
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And is this reflected then,
22	again, in an org chart?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, on Tab 13.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Where do we see Community
25	Services being dealt with at this point in time?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Once again, it remains within
2	Field Coordination Branch.
3	If you were to look at this chart, there
4	would be a divisional commander of Field Support and the
5	box right underneath that organizational structure is Field
6	Coordination Branch.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	So community servicing is being done there?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Community policing.
11	CHIEF RYDER: A coordination role.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	Now, sir, you talk about the fact that
14	community policing is set out in your Police Orders in
15	1992?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: The principles that are set
18	out at the bottom of page 5 and onto page 6, is that what
19	we looked at briefly earlier?
20	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, that's what we referred
21	to
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Tab 14.
23	CHIEF RYDER: earlier.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And as well, as I understand
25	it, sir, aside from having a policing philosophy, you also

1	have policing strategies dealing with community policing?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, and policing strategies
3	were developed and set out in Police Orders and they were
4	developed in 1992 and, of course, just to provide a
5	distinction, this was forward thinking and this would have
6	been just as we were heading into our organization review
7	and renewal.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. And that's that
9	process that took place in the mid-nineties?
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	And the policing strategies, then, are set
13	out at Tab 15?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And I note that one of them
16	was the:
17	"Plan to inform and educate all
18	employees in the concepts and
19	philosophies of community policing".
20	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: So that's your commissioned,
22	non-commissioned and civilian employees?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Is there anything else on
25	policing strategies that you wanted to emphasize, sir?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Well, there was obviously,
2	one part of the strategy at that particular time we had
3	detachment planning committees, which was looking at
4	problems I guess, incidents in your area, maybe bad
5	accident locations; high crime areas and you can see here
6	that one of the strategies was through that detachment
7	planning committee to:
8	"Develop local strategies that
9	fully support community policing".
10	So this is sort of part of the transition.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you refer to
12	something known as the "Community Policing Development
13	Centre".
14	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And that comes into
16	existence in or about 1997?
17	CHIEF RYDER: It was in 1995 identified as a
18	part of a new organizational structure, at the bottom of
19	page 6, and this elevated this put some increased focus
20	on the entire issue of community policing. Just as the
21	other organizational structure changes that occurred and
22	was approved on December 19^{th} , 1995 , so was the concept of
23	the Community Policing Development Center which was led by
24	a superintendent who would have been a member of an
25	executive council, what I have referred to before, and he

1	would have had the mandate to then create that center and
2	then move towards the implementation of an operationalized
3	community policing within the OPP.
4	So the development of the Community Policing
5	Development Center would have started in 1995 and would
6	have progressed over a couple of year period.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And we see that at Tab 16 or
8	your org chart.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And it's purpose, then, is
11	to what?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Was to it was really to
13	move the organizations towards implementing our community
14	policing philosophy and operationalizing our strategies.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And I understand one
16	of the things they did in or about 1997 was produce a
17	community policing manual.
18	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: And this was a manual that
20	was prepared by whom?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Prepared by members of the
22	CPDC, Community Policing Development Centre and with
23	consultation with community members.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	And this is the large tab we see at 17?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And I will not ask you to go
3	through that in any real detail. What I'd like to do is
4	just ask you a few questions from the beginning of the
5	manual. We have an introduction.
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: That seems to be repeated.
8	Let's go to the second introduction which is
9	the third page in. This is, in effect, an explanation of
10	the manual?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And are parts of this manual
13	geared to the police and what the police should be doing in
14	Part 2, community stakeholders?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: And how is that set out,
17	sir?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Part 6 is more specific to the
19	police; Parts 3 to 5 are designed more for the community
20	and there are some, obviously, that are applicable to both.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And if we look at page 1.3
22	we have an overview of the manual and then it sets out the
23	various parts of the manual?
24	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: And I understand the manual

1	defines community policing at page 2.2?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it's a fairly simple
3	definition:
4	"Delivery of police services resulting
5	from a community and police partnership
6	that identifies and resolves issues to
7	maintain the social order and the
8	social order is accomplished by
9	addressing community issues and
10	concerns which contribute to a safe
11	environment".
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And there's a reference to
13	community partnerships?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And how they should work,
16	starting at 2.3?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, you say that and I'm
19	looking at page 7 of your outline that this manual is
20	the principle source of community policing information for
21	the OPP.
22	So that's still the case today?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is, although there are
24	other resources available, but this is the principle
25	document.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And sir, I note that you've
2	given us as well a further organizational chart dealing
3	with the role of the Community Policing Support Unit and
4	this was created, as you say in your outline, from what?
5	CHIEF RYDER: From annual reports, I
6	believe.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. I'm looking at Tab 1
8	and this is your 2000 org chart and you've got a reference
9	to community policing just off to the left.
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: So can you tell us what's
12	happening, then, with community policing, and you have
13	talked to us about a resource center as well.
14	CHIEF RYDER: The Community Policing
15	Resource Center was dissolved near the end of 2000 and a
16	Community Policing Unit, support unit, was created and was
17	situated within the Operational Planning and Research
18	Bureau, as it was known then.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, you tell us in your
20	outline at page 8 that there are references to community
21	policing and community policing models throughout the
22	introduction to your current police orders.
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And you also reference the
25	OPP's commitment to community policing. Is that what we

1	find at the end of the "Introduction to Police Orders"?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, if you want to just
4	take us to that at Tab 19?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. After the "Mission,
6	Vision and the Promise" there is a commitment to community
7	policing:
8	"Community policing brings the
9	community and police together to
10	identify and explore and resolve
11	problems. Our commitment to community
12	policing guides every aspect of service
13	delivery in the OPP and we will involve
14	the people of the community in
15	identification of crime, traffic and
16	social order problems and solutions;
17	provide policing services that are
18	consistent with the identified
19	concerns, expectations and needs of the
20	community and participate with other
21	concerned agencies and community groups
22	to effectively address police and
23	community concerns."
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	Well, speaking of the community, maybe we

1	can just turn to the last page of your outline on this
2	subject, then, where you talk about community policing in
3	the east region and, in particular, Stormont-Dundas and
4	Glengarry. And you say that community services officers
5	are found in most detachments of the OPP.
6	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And are there community
8	service officers here in this region?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. There are three
10	community service officers in Stormont-Dundas and
11	Glengarry, one per county.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	Now, you talked to us earlier about the fact
14	that there are approximately 108 or so uniform members
15	here.
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: So three of those uniform
18	members would be community service officers?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you know whether that's
21	full time or part time? Are you able to help us there?
22	CHIEF RYDER: I know that that's their title
23	and they have a job description that reflects that work.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And is that what we
25	see at Tab 20 of the book?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And that gives a
3	description, then, of what constables who work as community
4	service officers do?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And that's a generic
7	description for not just for this part of the province
8	but throughout the province?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you know how long there
11	have been community service officers here? I have got
12	three of them.
13	CHIEF RYDER: Sorry, I do not.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
15	And how do they work together with the
16	Community Policing Support Unit, sir? These are officers
17	here in local detachments?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm just wondering, they
20	presumably report through a detachment commander, but how
21	do they work together with that community you had talked
22	about at Headquarters?
23	CHIEF RYDER: The unit at Headquarters
24	provides some coordination role through all the community
25	services officers who work in the region. If I could refer

1	you to Tab 21 you'll see on the organizational chart for
2	East Region Headquarters under "Contract and Municipal
3	Policing" under the direction of Inspector MacPherson there
4	is a community policing manager and executive officer and
5	there is Community Policing Community Services
6	Coordinators.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	So community services officers and there are
9	three of them here in Stormont-Dundas-Glengarry. What if
10	any reporting relationship would they have with these
11	community service coordinators in the East Region and the
12	Community Policing Manager?
13	CHIEF RYDER: They would have a matrix
14	reporting relationship. They would be reporting to their
15	Detachment Commander on administrative matters and other
16	duties as assigned but, with regard to their function, they
17	would be reporting through to the region on issues of
18	community policing.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: And would it be fair to say
20	that those community services officers would be specialists
21	when it comes to community policing?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: I mean, all officers should
24	have some knowledge of community policing but obviously
25	they would have more extensive knowledge and experience?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's the focus of their
2	work.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And how might someone in
4	that role serve as a resource to other officers in the
5	detachment? You've got, say, three of them in a detachment
6	of 108, how do they serve as a resource to those others;
7	how do they help them in community policing?
8	CHIEF RYDER: They would assist with
9	community policing attend schools, give presentations,
10	provide information to officers who may decide to give
11	presentations of their own that may attend community
12	events.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Presumably, they would have
14	contact and other information for various community
15	stakeholders?
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Those are all the questions
18	I had on this book. So maybe we could move on
19	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: to another one? I'll
21	just be one moment.
22	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Chief Ryder, do you have
24	Volume 4? It's called "Intake Policy and Record
25	Management".

1	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I do.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And again, as in previous
3	books of documents, there is an outline of evidence at Tab
4	1?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And this was prepared in
7	conjunction with counsel. You have had some look at this
8	to ensure that it satisfies you as to the background on
9	intake policy and record management?
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: So you start by talking
12	about the fact that intake policy and reporting has changed
13	significantly.
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Since the 1940s. Do you
16	want to just give us a sense as to why that has changed and
17	how it's changed.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Well, the obvious reason is
19	the technological advances. There has been legislative
20	developments in relation to how we restructured our OPP
21	Police Orders and standardized that process and so
22	obviously, I think the main reason would be the technology.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
24	And the changing to the intake policy and
25	reporting process, this is across the board, right? It

1	doesn't matter what the criminal offence is or the traffic
2	violation; these changes are across the board?
3	CHIEF RYDER: For sure.
4	You talk on the first page of your outline
5	about some of the ways in which complaints can come to the
6	attention of an OPP officer. And I note again that you
7	talk about complaints of abuse, but would this also be
8	applicable to other types of crimes?
9	CHIEF RYDER: All types of crimes.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
11	So if you just run through a few of those
12	different types of ways that an OPP officer could receive a
13	complaint.
14	CHIEF RYDER: Certainly. The most obvious,
15	of course, would be the complainant or a third party places
16	a telephone call to the local detachment; there could be a
17	call come in through 911, specifically to a sexual assault
18	investigation and child sexual abuse; the Children's Aid
19	Society could report an offence or complaint to the OPP.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: When you talk about the
21	third parties, who do you mean?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Somebody who is reporting an
23	offence but was not the victim of the offence.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And some examples of who
25	those are typically?

1	CHIEF RYDER: A parent. It could be a
2	parent. It could be a teacher.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	CHIEF RYDER: Other ways would be while
5	investigating a complaint the officer might already be
6	assigned to investigating a complaint and the officer may
7	be advised of other potential victims. While investigating
8	another complaint totally unrelated, the OPP officer may
9	become aware of a new offence. Hospital officials may
10	report offences. Local sexual assault centers may file a
11	complaint; probation and parole; school officials.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: So there are a number of
13	different ways that complaints come to the attention of OPP
14	officers.
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, how those complaints
17	are then recorded, as you said, has changed quite
18	dramatically. And I just want you to start with an earlier
19	period in time, say the '40s, '50s and '60s, as you've
20	outlined here, and how these recordings were actually done.
21	CHIEF RYDER: Every complaint, regardless of
22	source, a record was required to be kept. But in the '40s,
23	`50s and `60s we start off with what we called an
24	"occurrence book" and that would be accompanied by a
25	supplementary report for those most serious and in-depth

1	investigations. During those years policing was done
2	differently than it is today. In some of our locations we
3	only had one police officer, no support staff. That's what
4	we call single-person detachment. Constables would be in
5	detachment commanders.
6	So a lot of the day-to-day issues were
7	recorded in an occurrence book and these occurrence books
8	could be capable of recording 400 or so occurrences and
9	could hold 15 years of reportable incidents.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
11	I'll just stop you for a second.
12	So not every phone call, not every visit
13	gives you a report or an occurrence in a book?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: The officer has obviously
16	used some discretion as to what was a reportable occurrence
17	and what wasn't.
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: And was there some
20	definition of occurrence back then? How was that
21	discretion exercised?
22	CHIEF RYDER: I don't have that specific
23	information. There may have been a notation in the Police
24	Orders of the day.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. But not every phone

1	call, not every visit
2	CHIEF RYDER: No.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: turned into a notation
4	in an occurrence book?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. But certainly
6	the most serious of occurrences were.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, you've talked about an
8	occurrence book and you've got a reference to the 1970s. I
9	understand you actually have an old occurrence book here
10	_
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I do.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: that you could
13	perhaps if the clerk could just bring it forward so that
14	it would be of some interest.
15	Mr. Commissioner, the OPP, through its
16	counsel, has obtained one of the older forms of an
17	occurrence book so you can get a sense as to how this was
18	done in the past. And this comes from OPP archives, sir,
19	or the library?
20	CHIEF RYDER: It's from our OPP museum.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
22	And so we get a sense as to how this was
23	done in the past and how it's changed over time
24	CHIEF RYDER: Because it's from the OPP
25	museum, I have strict instructions from our curator of how

1	I III CO HAHQIE IC.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: I've had to put white gloves
3	on for archives before.
4	I understand you have an occurrence book
5	from 1970?
6	CHIEF RYDER: This is an occurrence book
7	from 1970, and why this is a particular museum piece is
8	that it's the occurrence book for the OPP detachment when
9	we had an OPP detachment in Osaka, Japan, for the World
10	Fair and Exposition.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: I think, sir, if you could
12	perhaps just open it up and have a brief look at it. And
13	if there are counsel and/or members of the public who would
14	wish to look at it over the lunch break, if you could make
15	it available for a few minutes.
16	THE COMMISSIONER: Sir, what detachment was
17	it for?
18	CHIEF RYDER: For Osaka, Japan, at the
19	Ontario pavilion.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: And how did that work? Who
21	went over it from the OPP?
22	CHIEF RYDER: I would assume that our
23	Ontario government would have had a pavilion and they would
24	have sent a small detachment of
25	THE COMMISSIONER: So that's the occurrence

1	report book from when they were over there?
2	CHIEF RYDER: In Japan.
3	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay.
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's why the significance.
5	MR. ENGELMAN: So if you can just sort of
6	like just turn the book if you can without damaging it, if
7	you could.
8	CHIEF RYDER: I might add that this is the
9	occurrence book and this is what I would have seen when I
10	first reported for duty in 1975. It's basically in the
11	format that it is here.
12	I did view a, I think it was a 1947
13	occurrence report in the museum from Elk Lake Detachment,
14	and at that particular time, just to show the difference,
15	they didn't have the preprinted lines nor the printing. It
16	would be just like a blank ledger and lines had to be
17	drawn. Something a little bit different there is that
18	there was a line that was drawn down where all the officers
19	who were working had to initial when they started their
20	work, I guess, if they looked at the occurrence book.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: So you can give us a sense,
22	sir, and I understand it goes left to right for each
23	occurrence
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: what would actually

1 happen in a detachment by showing us ---2 CHIEF RYDER: So if I was on the road and I 3 encountered an occurrence, and I'll make it something 4 simple like an abandoned auto that I tagged that was on the side of the road, I would come in here and I would take the 5 next available number and the time and the date of the 6 7 occurrence and I would highlight what was the substance of 8 the call, "abandoned vehicle, highway 400" or whatever. 9 And then there may be -- that's the occurrence itself. 10 And then there's the report number, time and 11 date of entry. So if there was a formal report number we 12 would put the report number in that particular area and 13 then what the action taken and results. If I towed that 14 vehicle away it would say where it was towed to et cetera, et cetera, and then sign off the occurrence. 15 Then the 16 corporal of the day, in my timeframe, would come in and he would review this as well when it was time, from a 17 18 supervision point of view, and he would either have some of 19 these occurrences remain open or he would close them off 20 like these are closed off in this printed book. 21 MR. ENGELMANN: All right. So the occurrences that are set out, that's an individual officer 22 23 coming in at the end of his shift or at some point on his 24 shift, and writing down the various occurrences?

CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: If the occurrence leads to
2	an investigation, would there then be a file kept as well?
3	CHIEF RYDER: There would be potentially
4	there would certainly be a file kept and if it was an
5	allegation or a violation of a Criminal Code offence, there
6	would be an obligation to take a stamp and stamp this
7	particular part of the book for Dominion Bureau of
8	Statistics so that you had one known, one actual, one male
9	charged, what ever the case may be, it's for Dominion
10	Bureau of Statistics and now, of course, Stats Canada.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And that's now known as the
12	UCR.
13	CHIEF RYDER: UCR Report.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Uniform Crime
15	CHIEF RYDER: Reporting.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Reporting.
17	So if the occurrence involved an alleged
18	criminal offence
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: there would have been a
21	requirement for the officer to, and I can't remember what
22	you said, to actually stamp
23	CHIEF RYDER: To DBS it. Even if it turned
24	out after there was an allegation of a criminal offence,
25	even if it turned out that it was unfounded

1	MR. ENGELMANN: 188.
2	CHIEF RYDER: it would still be as a
3	reported crime marked "unfounded" on the DBS stamp.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: So you'd have the tombstone
5	or basic data in the occurrence report book?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you'd have an
8	investigation file opened in a normal case if we're
9	talking about an alleged criminal offence, that that would
10	actually contain investigation notes and other material?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And then after the
13	investigation is completed or if the file is completed, who
14	is signing off in the occurrence book? Is it that
15	individual officer, or the officer's supervisor?
16	CHIEF RYDER: It's the officer's supervisor
17	that closes off the occurrence report. And then, going
18	back to the DBS or the Uniform Crime Reporting, it would be
19	the corporal or the supervisor of the day that would do the
20	statistical returns at the end of the month; would take the
21	occurrence book out; would transfer all the data with
22	regard to the UCR statistics or DBS statistics, and put
23	them into another form that would be sent off to Statistics
24	Canada.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So the book you've

1	just shown us here is from 1970, but when you started with
2	the OPP in the mid-'70s, books just like that were still in
3	use?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Same book.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: How long did they continue
6	to be in use, approximately?
7	CHIEF RYDER: Up until late '80s, I believe.
8	In the '80s reporting was done on a pad of preprinted
9	occurrence reports. That's listed at Tab 2.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay, well, we'll jump
11	ahead. But in any event we'll get there, but in any
12	event, what you're saying is that for several years after
13	you became a member of the OPP, occurrence books of this
14	nature were still being used?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
17	And you say in your outline, and I'm looking
18	at page 3, there were some difficulties with this system
19	around the shift change?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. If you had a
21	large shift change and it was a particularly busy night,
22	you know you had to go in to there was people coming off
23	shift that had their duties and requirements to be able to
24	complete their entries in the occurrence book; and then, of
25	course, officers coming on to shift that would want to read

1	the occurrence book to see what they should be aware of,
2	and sometimes they may have just come in after four days
3	off, and really it was an important thing to do was to read
4	the occurrence book to see what was happening in the
5	detachment.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: So there's a bottleneck
7	around the use of the book?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Officers coming on and going
10	off shift?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
12	There was also another limitation for real-
13	time sharing of information with neighbouring detachments.
14	For example, in my first detachment, we looked after West
15	Grey and Barrie Township, and Highway 27 was a boundary and
16	on the other side of the road would be another township
17	that would be looked after by Alliston Detachment. Well,
18	presumably, you could do a B&E investigation within
19	Bradford's location and then there could have been an
20	arrest for another B&E in Alliston Detachment area. Of
21	course, we don't have access to their occurrence books.
22	That would eventually get picked up, but it would be picked
23	up when the area sorry, not the area, crime site the
24	district crime units would come around and visit
25	detachments and look at information in the book. So it was

1	more of a cumbersome way of linking what was happening
2	between one detachment and another because we didn't have
3	that technology.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: I note the time, sir.
5	Just one more follow-up question if I can.
6	So this problem with perhaps not knowing what the
7	neighbouring detachment was doing on the other side of the
8	road with the B&E across the street, that would have
9	carried on, I presume, into the '80s with the use of the
10	occurrence book?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay, perhaps we could take
13	a lunch break.
14	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you. We'll come
15	back at 2:00 p.m.
16	THE REGISTRAR: Order all rise. À l'ordre.
17	Veuillez vous lever.
18	The hearing will reconvene at 2:00 p.m.
19	Upon recessing at 12:33 p.m./
20	L'audience est suspendue à 12h33
21	Upon reconvening at 2:04 p.m./
22	L'audience est reprise 14h04
23	THE REGISTRAR: This hearing of the Cornwall
24	Public Inquiry is now in session. Please be seated.
25	Veuillez vous asseoir.

1	THE COMMISSIONER: Good afternoon, all.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Good afternoon, Mr.
3	Commissioner. Good afternoon, Chief Ryder.
4	CHIEF RYDER: Good afternoon.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, this morning when we
6	stopped for the lunch break we were looking at Exhibit 36,
7	Volume 4. If you have that handy, that's the Intake Policy
8	and Record Management.
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I do.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: I'll just be a moment.
11	We were looking at Tab 1, your outline of
12	evidence on this binder or this Xeroxed book of documents,
13	and I believe where we were, sir, was we were dealing with
14	the situation in the 1970s and `80s dealing with how
15	occurrences were recorded.
16	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: You showed us an occurrence
18	book from 1970 and indicated to us that occurrence books
19	similar to that were in use right through most of the 1980s
20	
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: and that there were
23	certain difficulties that were encountered with respect to
24	their use.
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. The

1	bottleneck and excuse me and the information sharing.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
3	Now, I just note the fifth bullet down,
4	under the 1970s and I'm on page 3
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: talks about a retention
7	period for occurrence books for 20 years.
8	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And prior to that, you had
10	said under the forties, fifties and sixties the retention
11	period seemed to be haphazard at best.
12	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: So was there a conscious
14	effort or a requirement during the seventies that these
15	books had to be kept for at least 20 years
16	CHIEF RYDER: There would
17	MR. ENGELMANN: to your knowledge?
18	CHIEF RYDER: have been policy. There
19	would have been policy outlining the fact that there was a
20	requirement to keep those occurrence books for 20 years.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
22	Again, the actual files, if I can call them
23	that might be associated with those occurrences, they
24	would have their own retention policies and periods.
25	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
2	So we talked about the 1970s. In the 1980s,
3	you talk about some further evolution in reporting. Can
4	you explain to us what's happening then and how it changes
5	what you do?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Well, we evolved our reporting
7	through the use of a pad of pre-printed occurrence reports
8	and a copy of such a report is on Tab 2.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
10	CHIEF RYDER: The advantage excuse me
11	of having
12	MR. ENGELMANN: So you have that pre-printed
13	form at Tab 2?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And I'm sorry, the
16	advantage?
17	CHIEF RYDER: The advantage of this kind of
18	form is that the officers could have this with them. They
19	could have copies of this form and so while they're out
20	doing their investigations or handling a call for service
21	they could populate the data and then when they came in to
22	the office, they could just then get an occurrence number
23	and they'll be able to reduce that bottleneck.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And how then were these
25	forms put into an occurrence book in any way or were they?

1	CHIEF RYDER: When we started to use them
2	more as a standard way of doing business, at the very back
3	of Tab 2, we had a file control register that really took
4	the place of occurrence books.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
6	CHIEF RYDER: You can see on that particular
7	form, similar information that in the normal or the
8	original occurrence book, there'd be an open and close;
9	there'd be an occurrence number, the date when the file was
10	taken, what the subject of the occurrence would be and who
11	was assigned. And it would be that number that would be
12	affixed to the pre-printed form and, as in our earlier use
13	of occurrence book we would have got that number from the
14	occurrence book.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
16	Now, you reference the fact that you still
17	had a portion or a space on these forms for the DVS
18	statistics?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Where would that be, sir?
21	CHIEF RYDER: On Tab 2 on the form
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, first page?
23	CHIEF RYDER: you can see on the
24	first page, you would see offences and then the first box -
25	- so you would put the offence if it was, whatever the code

1	was for that particular offence that you were investigating
2	and if it's a known to police, it would be one (1) and if
3	you had only one offence, it would be the actual number
4	would be one (1). If there was a charge, you'd indicate
5	one (1) by charge; if it was an adult male, it would be one
6	male or two males, whatever the result of the investigation
7	was. And then there's an area similar with regard to young
8	offenders.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: So the area on this form,
10	starting at the left at offences, working across; is that
11	the information that goes to Stats Canada?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Once again, since this was not
13	an automated system, it was the information that would go
14	to Stats Canada, but it would have to be retrieved from
15	this form onto another form.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: And the lined pages that
17	follow this form and I note in some cases there I
18	think the third page in you have a continuation of
19	lines. What's the significance of that?
20	CHIEF RYDER: Well, some by the very nature
21	or complexity of a particular occurrence will require more
22	of a narrative. In other cases, there may be a situation
23	where there was a lot of follow up, so maybe the officer
24	was assigned the case on May $1^{\rm st}$, did some follow-up
25	interviews on May $4^{ m th}$, made an arrest on May $10^{ m th}$ and on and

1	on and on. So they would be going back to this occurrence
2	report and building upon it.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	Now, I note, sir, you talk about, on page 4,
5	that this pre-printed form and the file control register
6	had some advantages.
7	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it did. Once again, it
8	reduced the bottleneck of officers that had to wait in line
9	to make entries into an occurrence book because it would be
10	a very quick notation to get a number.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	At the third bullet, you talk to us about a
13	retention period and which reports are you talking about
14	there?
15	CHIEF RYDER: These are the LE 139 that's
16	listed on Tab 2, called the occurrence report.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	So the retention period for that occurrence
19	report was changed to two years?
20	CHIEF RYDER: Two years plus current.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
22	What about the actual occurrence book? Was
23	it still being used or not?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: And what about its retention

1	period?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Once the occurrence book
3	system stopped with the new file occurrence book, pre-
4	printed forms, then presumably the 20 years plus current
5	would still retain for occurrence books.
6	Of course, we would not be using them.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	So this changes sometime in the eighties?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
11	You talk then about major crimes at the
12	fifth bullet.
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: And you make a number of
15	comments about the discretion of the detachment commander.
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	Can you tell us what we're talking about
19	here? Are we talking about and you're talking about the
20	fact that they're empowered with the authority to retain
21	case files, define them as deferred files. So are we
22	talking about these occurrence report forms that we've
23	looked at at Tab 2 or are we actually talking about the
24	investigative files or both?
25	CHIEF RYDER: We're talking about Tab 2.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
2	CHIEF RYDER: Occurrence reports.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: So those occurrence reports,
4	if they're occurrences of interest or historical value,
5	there's discretion in the detachment commander to keep them
6	for longer?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: And in fact, was that the
9	expectation?
10	CHIEF RYDER: There is a process. There is
11	a policy about our deferred files. At the January of each
12	calendar year, the detachment commander would initiate a
13	process where the files that would be coming up for
14	destruction, a one year calendar file that passed the
15	retention period, there'll be a review of those files.
16	Certainly, any of those files that might
17	have had a CPIC attachment, Canadian Police Information
18	Centre, where somebody there was a warrant out for
19	somebody's arrest, there was a missing person on CPIC, any
20	of those would be naturally deferred. An unsolved
21	occurrence worthy of retention would be kept. So there
22	could have been a major break and enter investigation with
23	thousands of dollars worth of property stolen that was
24	still unsolved that the detachment commander might say that
25	it's worthy to keep this open versus a broken mailbox or a

1	stolen bicycle without identifiers that's two years plus
2	current. The likelihood of any future solving of that
3	crime was highly unlikely so the only ones that would be
4	deferred would be worthy of retention.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Let me just stop you there.
6	Given an example of a property crime, what about if we're
7	talking about crimes against the person that are of a
8	violent nature or sexual nature?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Well, once again it would be
10	at the discretion of the detachment commander. If the case
11	had been if the case was still outstanding and there was
12	a decision made that there was some, I guess, expectation
13	that there may be further information come that could solve
14	that crime, it would be deferred.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
16	You talked about a major break and enter
17	might be worthy of retention
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: and I was just wondering
20	if the same would be true of a violent crime or a crime
21	against a person?
22	CHIEF RYDER: My reference to the major
23	crime, the break and enter would be that there would be
24	some likelihood of keeping that beyond the retention period
25	

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
2	CHIEF RYDER: that they might be able to
3	solve that case down the road. The same would apply in
4	crimes against a person. There would be no difference.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Fair enough. Okay.
6	And some other examples of when you would
7	expect a detachment commander to defer a file?
8	CHIEF RYDER: If the file was of historic
9	nature. I can give examples. One of the big deferred
10	files at my first detachment was about two years before I
11	arrived at the detachment. There was a horrific car
12	accident on Highway 400. I don't remember exactly how
13	many, but almost 10 people or in that neighbourhood were
14	killed. It was a bus and a lumber truck. That file was
15	still at Bradford detachment in deferred files when I left
16	there in 1984.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So when we talk about
18	historical value, something that might have included
19	multiple victims or
20	CHIEF RYDER: Could be.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: multiple offenders.
22	CHIEF RYDER: That could be a file that a
23	detachment commander could have determined that should be
24	deferred.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: There's a list of sort of

1	guidelines, if I can call it that, for when a detachment
2	commander should defer?
3	CHIEF RYDER: The three that I've indicated
4	
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
6	CHIEF RYDER: with the occurrence that's
7	a subject of a CPIC entry
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
9	CHIEF RYDER: the unsolved occurrence
10	which at the discretion of the detachment commander is
11	worthy of retention
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
13	CHIEF RYDER: and at the discretion of
14	the detachment commander, an occurrence having historic
15	value.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
17	Again, what we're talking about there is the
18	actual occurrence report?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: The investigative file
21	itself would go along with that?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it would if there was an
23	occurrence, let's say I mean some of these files
24	wouldn't be very extensive for example.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.

1	CHIEF RYDER: I mean if it was going back
2	to my earlier example about a broken mailbox the whole
3	investigative file might be the occurrence report itself.
4	But if there was, let's say, an investigation that caused a
5	few interviews to be conducted and you had it started
6	together, that kind of investigative file, if we weren't
7	saving the original occurrence then and we were
8	destroying that file, then there would be no value to be
9	keeping the investigative file, if that's what you call it.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: So typically if the decision
11	was to destroy the occurrence report, it may well have been
12	to destroy the deferred file as well.
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: And vice versa, if the
15	decision was made that the file was of historical value or
16	worthy of retention for other reasons, both the actual
17	file, if I can call it that, the investigation file and the
18	occurrence report would be kept.
19	CHIEF RYDER: It's my understanding and,
20	certainly, further to the policy which supports that view,
21	is that the regional manager of Criminal Operations and our
22	Ident Services; a part of our policy is that their
23	supervisor must be advised of each occurrence report
24	destroyed or deferred where they have an interest. Because
25	they may have a related occurrence report or might be

1	holding some exhibits.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: And those would be examples
3	of where something would be retained?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Well, they'd be examples of
5	-
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Examined for possible
7	retention.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, right. But if, I think,
9	part of that notification the way I understand it to be,
10	is that if we're not having a file at the original
11	detachment and it's going to be destroyed, that we're
12	notifying the regional office because if they're holding
13	onto an exhibit for let's say, Identification Services and
14	there's no file and the file is destroyed, there's no sense
15	them holding onto the exhibit.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, would there possibly be
17	some discussion or maybe this is what you've just
18	explained, but some interaction between detachments if they
19	if we had potential multiple jurisdictions?
20	CHIEF RYDER: If there was multiple
21	jurisdictions there would be discussion and obviously, as
22	referred to in my last comments, there would be
23	notification to the region.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: What if the other
25	jurisdiction was another force as opposed to another

1	detachment of the OPP?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly if it's in our
3	files I would say it's the property of the OPP. We
4	wouldn't be holding files for another police department.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. So unless you were
6	communicating and knew you were both working on the same
7	file
8	CHIEF RYDER: If it was a
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. So unless you were
10	communicating and knew you were both working on the same
11	file?
12	CHIEF RYDER: If it was a formalized joint
13	forces operation.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
15	CHIEF RYDER: Then there would be a
16	leadership, an ownership of that file, whether that be OPP
17	or another municipal police service, and it would be the
18	whoever is in charge of that particular joint forces
19	operation would have custody and control of that file, and
20	I would assume that everything in that file would be at one
21	location. There might be duplicates at other locations,
22	but if somebody is running a joint forces operation and
23	overseeing a major investigation that involves two or three
24	different police services, for example, then I would
25	suspect that the major case manager because there would

1	probably be a major case manager that would be in charge of
2	that file that would have all the material.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: But let's just go back in
4	time to the eighties now, you had some protection if there
5	was another detachment of the OPP. If you had a joint
6	investigation with a municipal police force
7	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: and you were aware of
9	it, that would perhaps be a reason to keep deferred files
10	as well?
11	CHIEF RYDER: It could be. I mean, once
12	again, the detachment commander would have all the
13	information to make that decision.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
15	Now, you say that in the late eighties and
16	early nineties a computer system known as the "Ontario
17	Municipal and Provincial Police Automated Computer
18	Recording System" was introduced?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, and commonly
20	referred to as OMPPAC.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. And we've had some
22	discussion about this previously, but this was a computer
23	system that allowed you and other forces to do what?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Well, it allowed us to
25	automate our occurrence reporting and also give us an

1	ability to share information.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. And it took some
3	time for this to take place?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, this was a long and very
5	complicated implementation.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And it rolled out over
7	approximately nine years throughout the province of
8	Ontario?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And do you have some sense,
11	sir, as to when that would have happened here in the
12	eastern region?
13	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I don't exactly.
14	Although I know from the materials later on that each
15	detachment had an OMPPAC domain prior to
16	MR. ENGELMANN: At the bottom of page 5, is
17	that what you're referring to?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, prior to 1994. So from
19	that reference I would say that each region were probably
20	fully operational by at least 1993.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
22	So you talk about OMPPAC being phased in and
23	you've used the term "indexing".
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: What does that mean?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Well, prior to being fully
2	operational on OMPPAC there was a we started to log some
3	tombstone data into the system so that it would start us
4	into populating the OMPPAC system and assist with trying to
5	link occurrences.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And were you still using
7	these preprinted forms at this time?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And when did that switch
10	over happen?
11	CHIEF RYDER: It would happen at various
12	times across the province as the systems were being
13	implemented. So if a detachment was fully operational on
14	OMPPAC then they could discontinue the occurrence report.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. I note you say and
16	it's the fourth bullet down that it allowed things to be
17	stored at OPP Headquarters?
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: And can you give us some
20	sense as to how this helped you at that time?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Well, it was the central
22	database and, once again, having all of our records in one
23	location and being in a position to search those records at
24	a single database as opposed to all these different
25	databases across the province.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: So that problem you talked
2	to us about earlier, about break and enters on both sides
3	of detachment line?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: That would not be the same
6	problem?
7	CHIEF RYDER: No, there would be an ability
8	to search the system to see if you could find similar
9	occurrences.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
11	So I assume that during the late eighties
12	and through the nineties police officers who were members
13	of the OPP were trained on how to use the system?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. Correct, they
15	would have had to be trained because it was a new emerging
16	technology.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And who would record the
18	information on the system?
19	CHIEF RYDER: The officers themselves.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And where would this
21	be done?
22	CHIEF RYDER: At detachment. We had this
23	really started the movement towards increased computers at
24	detachments that were OMPPAC terminals.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.

1	So let's get a sense of what's actually
2	going into this system or OMPPAC. Is it simply something
3	similar to those occurrence we just looked at that
4	preprinted form at Tab 2 where you've got a certain amount
5	of basic information.
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: Plus some room to give short
8	notes on actions taken and results. Is that what's going
9	into OMPPAC?
10	CHIEF RYDER: There would have been design
11	screens to collect that type of information. I don't know
12	whether everything was collected the same as the occurrence
13	report but similar information. There would have also been
14	the UCR reporting would have been in OMPPAC because that
15	was important. We still had that obligation.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: So that's information that's
17	on this form, but it would be easier to send off to, well,
18	Statistics Canada at this point, right?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Well, exactly, because now as
20	opposed to somebody either going back to a occurrence book
21	in the previous reporting regime and collecting all the
22	information out of the occurrence book and transporting
23	that onto another form and the same thing and taken all
24	these preprinted forms and collecting the information off
25	of those, this could be done automatically.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: So what about the
2	investigative files, witness statements, Crown briefs,
3	things like that, are they going into the system as well?
4	CHIEF RYDER: There would be some, I guess,
5	rudimentary investigative support files in there. Like for
6	example, it might be a synopsis of the investigation; there
7	may be some witness statements. It would be up to what the
8	officer imported into the system.
9	There became well, and I know we're going
10	to get to it there became some challenges as the OMPPAC
11	system was being fully utilized with regard to capacity and
12	
13	MR. ENGELMANN: What were those challenges,
14	sir?
15	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly the data
16	storage was extremely expensive for the cooperative and the
17	cooperative did meet and did have to come up with some
18	rules to allow this system to function properly, and so
19	certain data had to be removed from the system just to give
20	it increased capacity.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: When you say the
22	"cooperative" you mean the OPP and those other forces in
23	the province that were involved?
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.

1	And not all the forces were?
2	CHIEF RYDER: No. I believe on Tab 4 is the
3	list of the police agencies that were part of OPTIC, and
4	although it's not an OMPPAC list there is a lot of the
5	similar police services that were also part of the OMPPAC
6	cooperative.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: So the list would be quite
8	similar?
9	CHIEF RYDER: It would be quite similar.
10	There might be some changes.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
12	CHIEF RYDER: But there would be
13	approximately my understanding my memory would be
14	about 40 police agencies.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And OPTIC, and I
16	think we'll come to that, that's post
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's the next evolution of
18	records management system for the OPP.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	So anything else that you want to tell us
21	about OMPPAC? You're talking about some of the challenges.
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. Certainly in the moving
23	of data from the system, it would depend on the
24	classification of the incident, and then there was some
25	rules. As I say, for example, sexual assaults and other

1	sexual offences, the retention was the information was
2	on the system for seven years after the file was closed.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.
4	CHIEF RYDER: And to provide some context of
5	what "the file was closed" would be, from my view that
6	would be an investigation where either there was no
7	likelihood of any kind of prosecution and it was closed at
8	one particular time. The case could have started in
9	just to give you an example in 1995 and they may have
10	completed a two-year investigation and then they decided to
11	close it. It would be seven years after that file was
12	closed. Or if there was a successful prosecution and went
13	through the appeal process it would be seven years after
14	the time elapsed to launch an appeal.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Could there still be a
16	deferred file situation after that retention period?
17	CHIEF RYDER: Not for the rules of the
18	cooperative. That was their retention.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Because that was the rules
20	of the cooperative; if you wanted to keep investigative
21	files or other files that was the OPP's discretion?
22	CHIEF RYDER: The OPP certainly could I
23	mean, you can print your files off of OMPPAC. So you had
24	the capability of printing what was on the system and you
25	could retain those files.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Well, even when you were
2	using OMPPAC you would have had paper as well?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Sorry?
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Even when you were using
5	OMPPAC you would have had paper as well?
6	CHIEF RYDER: We would have had paper
7	investigative files.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. Do you continue to
9	have them today?
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	Now, you mention another challenge. It's
13	listed under "challenges" in any event. There is no police
14	or dispatch type for sexual assault?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. On the system
16	all assaults were just classified as assaults. So you had
17	to further drill down and select one to eight subcategories
18	like sexual assault, aggravated sexual assault. So if you
19	were doing some searches you just couldn't search for
20	sexual you had to go to assault and then do some queries
21	separately for further information on sexual assault.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
23	And some of those deficiencies or challenges
24	have been corrected by the new system that's in place
25	today?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: So you talked about at
3	the bottom of page 5 and onto page 6 about OMPPAC here
4	in the eastern region.
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Now
7	CHIEF RYDER: Another
8	MR. ENGELMANN: Sorry. Go ahead.
9	CHIEF RYDER: In relation to the point
10	I'd like to make in this particular area is the fact that
11	many of the detachments and once again, this is in the
12	context of reorganization of the OPP and a major
13	reorganization, all of the attachments have their own
14	domain. But then what occurred after the reorganizations
15	is that some of those detachments no longer existed because
16	they may have I'm talking even provincially were
17	amalgamated so they no longer existed as a satellite office
18	and therefore there was a challenge in being able to
19	retrieve some information from those areas that no longer
20	sort of existed on the system.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And that's right, and I
22	think you told us about the local example here where
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: I think we had four or
25	five

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: detachments. And then
3	after the reorg there was the one in Long Sault.
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: With the satellites?
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And you have listed at page
8	6 the information sharing that was possible through OMPPAC?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, that was a positive
10	effect of OMPPAC.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And it talks about sharing
12	with other members of the cooperative. What about with
13	other agencies, say, local Children's Aid Societies?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That would unless they were
15	a member of the cooperative there would only be sharing
16	within the members of the cooperative.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And you talk about
18	some possibilities for restricting data
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: that the OPP would put
21	on?
22	CHIEF RYDER: That would be all members of
23	the cooperative had an opportunity to restrict the data
24	that would not be shared.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. And in the OPP's

1	case those decisions were made by whom?
2	CHIEF RYDER: The detachment commander.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: And what were some of the
4	reasons why the OPP would not share data?
5	CHIEF RYDER: If there was an investigation
6	or information that had a potential to become an internal
7	complaint on a member of our service or another police
8	service, any major investigation, and once again,
9	discretion attached to the commander is any incident that
10	the detachment commander deems appropriate.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	So there seems to be a fair bit of
13	discretion there on the part of the detachment commander?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And then, as well, you list
16	a number of matters that were not shared on OMPPAC
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: at the bottom of the
19	page.
20	CHIEF RYDER: Administration information
21	specific to the OPP, dispatch details, Crown brief
22	synopsis's and the will-says and activity logs components
23	of the system. That's sort of the administration of the
24	system. That was deemed to be of proprietary interest of
25	the organization.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And that Crown brief
2	synopsis; that would have been obviously prepared by OPP
3	members?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And you list on page 7 of
6	the outline information that was shared?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. Unless it was
8	restricted this is the type of information that would be
9	entered into the system as we are doing an occurrence
10	report.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Then, on page 8 you talk
12	about a new Windows-based reporting system and that you
13	started to use this new system for recording of
14	occurrences.
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, that was a Niche records
16	management system, Niche RMS.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: And you may have talked
18	about this already but can you tell us how this changed,
19	some of the work you were doing and how it presumably
20	improved access to information sharing?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Well, certainly, tremendous
22	capacity on this system provided us with an opportunity to
23	store more information and manage more information; share
24	information with greater effectiveness and efficiency.
25	There was tremendous advantages because this was a forward-

processing system and it was Microsoft based so we could cut and paste; load information over as opposed to retype. There was some data standards that were enforced in this system which meant that each of the police departments who were a member of this -- of OPTIC which is the Ontario Police Technology Information Cooperative. We use the same data standards or we're looking at the same information so that was a real assistance.

There was dropdown menus, auto-filling of data and mini-fields. RMS allowed the users to perform a benchmark case notification and that was particularly important for our organization because of our benchmark policies. Using our old methodologies prior to the Niche RMS it could take up to an hour to perform the same process where this could happen in less than a minute. The RMS, obviously because it's a more robust system, captured more information where we were able to query for details such as eye colour, scars, marks and tattoos.

We had a wild card search which meant that you didn't need to search an entire word. You could search part of a word and it would look for linkages across the system. I believe it searched for partial license plates.

Enhanced property management and a very detailed audit log and, of course, all sorts of quality assurance mechanisms in place because there are several

1	areas where the detachment commander or the supervisor can
2	go in there and see what the entries are and whether or not
3	all the appropriate records are not only accurate but
4	they're complete.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
6	So just before we get into who does what and
7	responsibilities, you've got I just want to make sure I
8	capture this there's more space on the system?
9	CHIEF RYDER: More space.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: There's no issues about
11	costs; members of the cooperative?
12	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: So you can put more
14	information on. And is more information being put on?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And it's,
16	from my understanding, an unlimited capacity.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	Now, having said that, when you talk about
19	photographs and fingerprints and other things going on and
20	partial search capacity and things like that, do you still
21	have investigative files that you're not putting on or you
22	are not putting parts on the system?
23	CHIEF RYDER: We are putting as much detail
24	as we can in the system, is the way I understand it, but
25	that we're still going to have like if we take a written

1	statement from somebody we are going to have a written
2	statement that's going to be a hard copy file.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
4	CHIEF RYDER: That we have to obtain for an
5	investigative file.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: So there is more information
7	than perhaps that occurrence report, sort of basic
8	information, that you were using with your printed forms
9	and then your OMPPAC. There's clearly more being put on,
10	if not your whole file?
11	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: And again, access to this
13	system is by members of the cooperative?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: So again, this system is
16	what about sharing with other agencies? How does that work
17	if people want to go outside the cooperative, do you know?
18	CHIEF RYDER: No, I don't. Sorry.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	All right. So then, you have highlighted
21	some responsibilities of employees?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I did.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: When employees are being
24	referred to there, those would be any employee of the OPP?
25	CHIEF RYDER: That could be any employee

1	that receives a call or that encounters an occurrence.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
3	So that could be someone doing dispatch
4	work?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And then, you refer to
7	investigating or reporting members?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And what do you mean by a
10	reporting member?
11	CHIEF RYDER: The member who receives the
12	occurrence.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
14	CHIEF RYDER: Okay? That obviously, once
15	they receive an occurrence, an addition I guess it goes
16	back to your question about other parts of the
17	investigative file, the file, is that they would take
18	detailed notes in their daily journal or notebook in
19	relation to that occurrence amongst the other
20	MR. ENGELMANN: We have some mandatory
21	language here as well, I know, so this is a requirement?
22	CHIEF RYDER: It is a requirement.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Of each reporting member or
24	investigating member?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: These are things that they
2	shall enter into the Niche system?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And you talked about Quality
5	Assurance before?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And their requirements of
8	supervisors or their delegates as well?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, the supervisor
10	or delegated member has a responsibility to check for
11	accuracy, completeness and minimum data requirements;
12	ensure that all mandatory notifications have been made;
13	ensure no further action or report is required. The UCR
14	incident data is something that they check for completeness
15	and for accuracy. They ensure all information is added to
16	the database and linked accurately and, if necessary, if
17	they see that there should be a follow up they would create
18	and send a task to a member, and what happens the next time
19	the officer comes in and signs into the system there would
20	be a task by the supervisor saying, "You neglected to do
21	this" or "You should do that".
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So you refer to two
23	supervisors here; a supervisor delegate member and then it
24	says a supervisor delegate member down below. And you also
25	have an area crime supervisor. Are you talking about

1	different people here?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, we are.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
4	Can you just tell us who it is that's being
5	contemplated here?
6	CHIEF RYDER: The supervisor or delegated
7	member in the second and third bullet on page 10 is usually
8	a detachment supervisor, sergeant supervisor, whereas the -
9	- sorry the bullet three (3) is:
10	"In addition to duties outlined in the
11	supervision section an area crime
12	sergeant is an area crime sergeant that
13	may be assigned at that particular
14	location but has a dual reporting
15	relationship; one, to the Detachment
16	Commander and secondly, to the Regional
17	Command Staff and is a specialist in
18	the area of criminal investigation."
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	So we have some responsibilities of the
21	reporting or investigating member and then some by the
22	supervisor delegated member and then some by the area crime
23	supervisor?
24	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, and then I guess I
25	want to highlight the fact that probably the most important

1	duty for the area crime supervisor is in addition to
2	ensuring that there is a quality that the Niche RMS
3	reports, has a specific interest in benchmark
4	investigations.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
6	And we're going to go there in just a second
7	there's also some responsibilities for the detachment
8	commander or his or her delegate?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And they're set out at the
11	bottom of the page?
12	CHIEF RYDER: They're set out at the bottom
13	and it really involves the entire integrity of the system.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: So the accountability for
15	that reporting and proper reporting then is really up to
16	that detachment commander?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, overall
18	accountability.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: So you talked about
20	occurrence details or we talked about occurrence details or
21	reports earlier. You have some minimum requirements with
22	respect to entries, and this is now on the Niche system?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And you talked about
25	benchmark occurrences before. So can you tell us what

1 those are?

CHIEF RYDER: Yes. I'll have to put that in a bit of a context. I stated, I think, earlier in my testimony about my time at Bradford being a generalist police officer and that is how you could probably describe all the police officers assigned to our detachments that would respond for calls for service. And they would be the first ones on the scene and would be considered a generalist officer, in the sense that in most cases they will get the case; they will stay with it from the time that they took the report; they'll do the follow-up investigation; they'll lay a charge and take it through the court process.

The OPP has a policy that there are certain benchmark crimes that requires notification and as in the first bullet under "Benchmark Occurrences" there should be a benchmark violation code selected. For example, a benchmark sexual assault will have both the sexual assault violation code selected but there will also be a benchmark violation code selected which will be an automatic notification to the Area Crime Sergeant.

Just to have some common understanding of what that means, that does not mean that the -- that's certainly a notification to the Major Crime Unit but it is not the intent of that notification to direct that all

1	major crime be investigated by criminal investigation
2	personnel and absolves all others of any future
3	involvement. Rather, it's intended to ensure that the
4	criminal investigation, investigation supervisory and
5	command personnel are notified with this occurrence and
6	sees and the responsibility that they have is to make an
7	informed decision regarding the appropriate investigative
8	response. A straightforward major crime occurrence may be
9	investigated by a highly competent detachment member and
10	may only require monitoring or some specialized support but
11	that generalist officer could stay with that investigation.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
13	So let me just go back, perhaps, to the
14	beginning of what you were saying.
15	When did the OPP start using benchmarks?
16	CHIEF RYDER: We would have had a
17	notification system in place in our Police Orders for many,
18	many years prior to 1992 but we wouldn't have called them
19	benchmarks. We would have said when these type of
20	occurrences happen you shall notify whoever that we
21	identified specifically in the Police Order.
22	A formalized benchmark system came into
23	place into the Police Orders in 1992.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	So we dealt with this with other witnesses

1	and I know we'll deal with it with other witnesses from the
2	OPP. But under "Major Case Management" and under the
3	"Major Case Management Manual" there is such a thing as a
4	threshold case.
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: Or non-threshold case and I
7	recall, for example, that some instances of sexual assault
8	didn't necessarily meet the requirement of thresholds for
9	major case management.
10	CHIEF RYDER: Those two systems and the
11	concept of a benchmark crime, the threshold crime, had no
12	connection.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. So other than people
14	seem to use the term "major case"
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: So it's my understanding
17	that your benchmark notification would include all
18	instances of sexual assault?
19	CHIEF RYDER: All sexual occurrences
20	including child pornography.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Right, okay.
22	So if anything, that benchmark notification
23	is a I don't want to use the term "lower threshold" but
24	it's a it occurs
25	CHIEF RYDER: It's a different threshold.

1	It encompasses more offences.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Fair enough, thank you.
3	So we can't just say one is equal to the
4	other?
5	CHIEF RYDER: No, we cannot.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And they are for different
7	purposes?
8	CHIEF RYDER: It's like apples and oranges.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
10	And your notification is so that a
11	specialist can look at this, someone who's got a lot of
12	expertise in criminal investigation?
13	CHIEF RYDER: The reason is that to ensure
14	that we have a quality investigative response
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Right.
16	CHIEF RYDER: That it will come to the
17	attention of the regional crime operations, particularly to
18	an area crime sergeant who will make an assessment knowing
19	who the person is; what their experience is; what their
20	training and qualifications are; whether or not that
21	individual can continue on with the investigation and just
22	the odd time monitor and see how that investigation is
23	going, or the area crime sergeant can decide, "Well, no, we
24	need to provide some added investigative assistance, a
25	specialist if you wish".

1	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
2	CHIEF RYDER: To assist that officer during
3	the course of that investigation.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And we're going to hear from
5	an area crime
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, from Detective Staff
7	Sergeant Paul Yelle.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: I always get confused here
9	between area crime sergeant and area crime supervisor.
10	CHIEF RYDER: He's a supervisor.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: Fair enough. And would that
12	be a higher rank than an area crime sergeant?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: So in any event, any
15	benchmark occurrence, there has to be notification of an
16	area crime sergeant?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: And when we talk about area
19	crime sergeants do you have a sense as to how many of those
20	individuals there would be in a region?
21	CHIEF RYDER: It varies from region to
22	region so it would only be a guess.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Would there be area crime
24	sergeants in most detachments?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.

1	I apologize. Did you say that we had a
2	listing of the benchmarks here?
3	CHIEF RYDER: I have a list.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. We don't have a list
5	of benchmark offences in these materials?
6	CHIEF RYDER: No, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
8	And that concept of a benchmark offence,
9	that was 1993 that you said that there was something
10	similar in place beforehand. It wasn't called a benchmark?
11	CHIEF RYDER: No, there was always a
12	notification. And if I use an example for a homicide
13	investigation where as a couple of homicides where foul
14	play was suspected, there would have been a policy to say
15	that when that occurs you had to notify Criminal
16	Investigation Branch.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	So for some major crimes it wasn't just an
19	area of crime. The Sergeant, you'd have to notify the CIB
20	at Headquarters.
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
22	But it would go through channels.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. So is there an extra
24	level of benchmark offences, then?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, there are.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
2	So there are some that are benchmarked to
3	the area crime sergeant?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And then there are some that
6	are double benchmarked, if I can use the term?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: And is there do you have
9	some examples of those?
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, I can.
11	The policy that we have in place is that the
12	CIB will be notified by our GHQ duty officer, General
13	Headquarters duty officer, so that's where if there was a -
14	- these kind of offences occurred, that notification would
15	incur that route.
16	Homicides, conspiracy or counseling to
17	commit murder, attempt murder where the victim's injuries
18	are life-threatening, sudden death where foul play is
19	suspected, missing persons where foul play is suspected,
20	major explosions where a bombing is suspected, those types
21	of occurrences. And there's a few.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Would any of them
23	involve sexual offences?
24	CHIEF RYDER: There was a benchmark about
25	sexual offences in training schools, training institutions.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. None other that
2	you're aware of?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Not dealing with sexual
4	offences other than the training schools.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
6	THE COMMISSIONER: What period of time are
7	we talking about?
8	CHIEF RYDER: This was 1992.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And then you also talk about
10	youth under your benchmark occurrences and domestic.
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you give us a sense of
13	what you're saying there, sir?
14	CHIEF RYDER: Well, on the domestic, there
15	was another requirement that you had to make a UCR domestic
16	violation code, selected in the UCR window, and that
17	violation should be added to all other occurrences. It was
18	a policy in place to make sure that when we were going to a
19	domestic violence circumstance that it was coded as a
20	domestic violence circumstance because we had other
21	supports in the regions or domestic violence investigators,
22	that provide a quality assurance to make sure that those
23	investigations are carefully monitored and investigated.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: So just so I understand
25	this, you had a benchmark code for sexual assault, whether

1	that's sexual assault or child sexual assault
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: but you have a benchmark
4	code for that?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: You also have a benchmark
7	code for domestic violence?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: And you have a do you
10	have a domestic sorry, do you have a benchmark code for
11	crimes where there are youth victims?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. Now, the other benefit
13	from upgrading to a Niche RMS system as we were able to
14	then incorporate the new UCR data standards which now
15	started to collect not only information related to those
16	who committed offences, but who were the victims of crimes.
17	So this provides an opportunity to get fairly specific
18	information on not only who was committing the crimes but
19	who were the victims.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: So this is the first time
21	we're getting better information, really, about who the
22	victims are.
23	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: And domestic violence issues,
25	were they always a benchmark occurrence, sir?

1	CHIEF RYDER: They were not always.
2	Obviously, unfortunately, in this province and across
3	Canada we've had some very tragic results due to perhaps
4	unfortunate investigations of domestic violence, so this is
5	a quality assurance mechanism to make sure that when we do
6	encounter domestic violence circumstances that there's
7	proper oversight and that we have properly trained domestic
8	violence investigators.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: So I'm sorry, is this now
10	domestic violence if there's a domestic violence code? Is
11	that now a benchmark occurrence? Or does it depend on the
12	type?
13	CHIEF RYDER: If there's a notification to
14	the region. So I would say yes.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
16	To the area crime sergeant or to someone
17	else?
18	CHIEF RYDER: The area crime sergeant.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
20	And what about offences where youths are
21	victims, does it depend on the type of offence,
22	or is it just the fact that the victim is a child
23	or youth?
24	CHIEF RYDER: It's not a benchmark case.
25	This section here is really reflecting the fact that we

1	have an increase capacity to
2	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
3	That you can codify who victims are?
4	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: All right. Fair enough.
6	And again, under "Management Process" you've
7	set out some of the accountabilities of both employees that
8	are using the system and are responsible for their data
9	entries?
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: And also additional
12	responsibilities of the detachment commander to insure that
13	these reports are accurate?
14	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, I'm going to skip over
16	that last portion dealing with retention periods because I
17	think that will be covered by another witness.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Okay. Thank you.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: So let's very briefly look
20	at the complaints section. And I say briefly, despite the
21	thickness of this volume, and it's Volume 5. Much of what
22	is in this particular book, as I understand it, is the
23	legislative history in the province dealing with how
24	complaints against police officers have been handled.
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, this is a very

1	comprehensive review of the legislation and how it's
2	changed from the inception of the Police Act, 1946 until
3	today.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
5	And as I understand it, sir, we have an
6	outline prepared by counsel that you have some knowledge of
7	and some input into, but it's mainly towards the back end?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
10	So I don't plan to spend any time on the
11	legislative history other than perhaps to ask you a couple
12	of basic questions. We're dealing with here, not just
13	complaints against OPP officers, but complaints against any
14	police officers working in the province?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Sorry, I guess they're OPP
17	and/or municipal Force.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Municipal.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. And issues dealing
20	with how these complaints are to be handled have been set
21	out since the original Police Act in 1946?
22	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct, sir.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: And as I understand it, some
24	of these processes have been what I'll call
25	internal, where there's someone within a police

1	force that is determined to make a final decision
2	at the end of the day about these complaints?
3	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
4	MR. ENGELMANN: And that at various times
5	there has also been some external review.
6	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And, in fact, there was some
8	external review during the early and mid-nineties.
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Now the system that exists
11	today, and one that you're familiar with is described
12	perhaps most easily in Tab 10.
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Is that correct?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Do you want to just take us
17	through that diagram briefly.
18	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. The diagram looks fairly
19	complicated but it's actually a very well-done process map.
20	So if we go to the bottom of the screen where we receive
21	the complaint and that complaint can be a complaint from
22	the public or it can be an internal complaint where one of
23	our members writes a memo alleging some conduct complaint.
24	So then that goes to the Commissioner who
25	discharges her duties through our Professional Standards

1	Bureau.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Just let me stop you there.
3	These complaints, they can be against either commissioned
4	or non-commissioned officers?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: What about if it's a
7	complaint against a civilian employee, would that go in a
8	different
9	CHIEF RYDER: There would be an internal
10	complaint but it wouldn't come under the auspices of the
11	Police Services Act.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Thank you.
13	So you were sorry, I interrupted.
14	CHIEF RYDER: So once there's a
15	classification if it goes toward classification. If
16	there's some information back to the complainant and this
17	is how we're classifying this particular complaint and the
18	complainant is not happy with that classification then the
19	complainant can request a review of that classification to
20	the Ontario Civilian Commission on Police Services.
21	So that's the first time that we classify a
22	complaint a certain way; we've notified the complainant
23	that this is the way that we've classified this complaint.
24	If they're not happy with that they can appeal to OCCPS.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. And you seem to be

1	talking about three different types of complaints here?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. So they might
3	be classified, for example, as frivolous, vexatious or bad-
4	faith complaints and
5	MR. ENGELMANN: Sorry, I think we mis-
6	communicated. You have three different complaints at the
7	bottom. You have a local policy complaint?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Oh, sorry, yes. Local policy,
9	conduct and/or a complaint about the provincial service.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Can you just tell us what
11	the difference is between those three?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Well the conduct obviously is
13	a direct relation to one of our members; it's actually
14	conduct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
16	CHIEF RYDER: A local policy would be
17	directed to the detachment commander because it would be
18	local service that if we received a complaint that there
19	wasn't proper patrols and not enough police officers
20	patrolling a certain area, that would go as a local policy
21	complaint. And then, similarly, provincial policy if it
22	was a complaint dealing specifically at the Ontario
23	Provincial Police as a whole.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	So those policy complaints seem to have

1	short-form tracks?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's right.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: The complaints we deal with
4	in the main then are the conduct complaints?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And I think you were
7	starting to explain how they could be dealt with?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
9	So the conduct complaint, there's some that
10	could be classified as frivolous vexatious, or bad faith,
11	and I guess to give an example of that would be a chronic
12	complainer that is maybe we're receiving 10, 15 letters
13	every two weeks, whatever the case may be.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: Who is deciding at that
15	stage? Do you know?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Through our Professional
17	Standards Bureau and the OPP.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
19	CHIEF RYDER: At that time, there is a
20	notification to the complainant and, once again, the
21	complainant has an opportunity to contact the Ontario
22	Civilian Commission on Police Services who will either send
23	a letter back saying that they agree with our decision or
24	they could direct us to conduct an investigation, despite
25	the fact that we had originally classified it in that

1	regard.
2	The other situation would be a complaint
3	more than six months. There is a provision under the
4	Police Act that, unless the complaint comes in within a six
5	month period after the alleged conduct, that that once
6	again falls outside of the jurisdiction of our
7	investigation. So we would notify the complainant of that
8	decision. Once again, there would be an appeal process
9	allowed.
10	The next box to the
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Sorry, just a second now.
12	So this six month limitation, that means
13	that no matter how egregious the act was, then there's no
14	recourse?
15	CHIEF RYDER: No. I guess I'll make two
16	points in that regard.
17	The first one at six months from the time it
18	comes to our attention.
19	THE COMMISSIONER: Six months from the time
20	it comes to your attention?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. So if something happened
22	three years ago and we found out about it today
23	THE COMMISSIONER: You'd still have the six
24	months?
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. And if we received a

1	complaint there are also provisions in the Act that if
2	we receive a complaint and we're getting close to the six
3	month timeframe, that the Commissioner can sort of override
4	that.
5	THE COMMISSIONER: And that's basically a
6	labour relations kind of agreement between you and the
7	police officers?
8	CHIEF RYDER: Actually, that's part of the
9	Act. There are certain provisions in the Act that allows
10	that to happen.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. All right.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Are those particular
13	provisions set out in this binder or are they back in
14	CHIEF RYDER: The section 59.4, the Police
15	Services Act
16	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
17	CHIEF RYDER: is the one the complaint
18	more than six months.
19	THE COMMISSIONER: I'm sorry, what part of
20	the Act?
21	CHIEF RYDER: It's the section 59(4), Police
22	Services Act
23	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
25	CHIEF RYDER: as depicted on the chart.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes. And then you have
2	another reason why they might dismiss at that stage?
3	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
4	That's if the complaint is not received
5	directly from the complainant. If it's a third-party
6	complaint then there could be a decision not to investigate
7	that particular complaint if it came from a third party.
8	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
9	CHIEF RYDER: The regulations state that the
10	complaint must be made in writing by the person affected by
11	the conduct.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: What about if that's a
13	parent on behalf of a child?
14	CHIEF RYDER: Then that would be the parent
15	would be acting on behalf of the child and that would
16	certainly be okay.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: So if the complaint passes
18	the threshold, gets through the Police Services Branch, it
19	is referred to Investigation?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And so if
21	there is an investigation it would be conducted by members
22	from policing from our Professional Standards Bureau or,
23	depending on the severity of the case, could be
24	investigated by, let's say, an area crime sergeant, for
25	example.

The results of the investigation, there is several things that could occur. The results of the investigation could determine that the complaint was unsubstantiated, at which time there would be no further action towards the officer involved.

The next step -- I guess I should have -- I should go right back to the -- I missed a very important step. Go back to the fact that when we first get the complaint, the conduct complaint, there is an effort at the outset to try to achieve an informal resolution. A lot of times people are upset with an officer; let's say as an example, that they may have perceived that the officer was rude on the side of the highway. That's the type of case where a supervisor might be able to -- once they are notified, might be able to take information from the complainant, have the discussion and maybe arrange an informal meeting and maybe with an apology from the officer that that kind of complaint can be resolved informally.

So if the case, once again, goes back to the investigation stage, if it's unsubstantiated there is no further action. There still is an opportunity that if it's a substantiated complaint, that another effort could be made to deal with the complaint in an informal resolution with the agreement of the person who laid the complaint.

There could be a consent to penalty, a penalty offered to

1	the officer who was found guilty of this particular
2	violation of the conduct offence and a penalty could be
3	assessed consensually or if informal resolution not
4	achieved there can be a charge under the Police Service Act
5	and proceed to a public hearing.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And that hearing did you
7	say a public hearing, sir?
8	CHIEF RYDER: The Police Services Act
9	hearings are public.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: Right. And that hearing is
11	in front of, as I understand it, a Force adjudicator?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, an adjudicator.
13	Sometimes it's our Force adjudicator. Sometimes we
14	contract out.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And do is there a policy
16	or procedure dealing with when it would be internal or
17	external?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Well, there's obviously some
19	cases that are more sensitive than others. It's from a
20	position that from OPP it's best to have somebody
21	outside the police service come in and adjudicate.
22	MR. ENGELMANN: And sir, I understand there
23	is a layman's guide to this process at Tab 9? Is that
24	correct?
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: And as well, Mr.
2	Commissioner, you had asked about some of the statutory
3	authority?
4	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: The Police Services Act has
6	been set out for us in the OPP Community Policing Volume,
7	Volume 3, at Tab 2. So for example, if you were interested
8	in the time limit provision, 59.4 is set out at page 54 of
9	105 where there is a discretionary time limit. It seems it
10	says the chief of police may decide not to deal with any
11	complaint made by a member of the public if the complaint
12	is made more than six months after the facts on which it is
13	based occurred.
14	And I think you have talked about an
15	internal rule and mechanism where even if it's later than
16	six months after it occurred; as long as it's dealt with.
17	CHIEF RYDER: If it comes within the
18	intention of the OPP within like we have some time to
19	deal with it. If the conduct happened six months ago and
20	we found out about it in six months and one day and we just
21	found out about it now, there's provisions, at least from
22	my understanding, that because it just came to our
23	attention that we could take some action.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: What if it happened 10 or 20
25	years ago?

1	CHIEF RYDER: I think that that would
2	probably not be applicable.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Now, after the hearing there
4	is an appeal; is that correct, or a review?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And if you know the answer
7	to this, but is that a paper review or is that an actual
8	hearing review?
9	CHIEF RYDER: I don't know exactly. I
10	believe it's a review of on paper. I don't recall
11	having OCCPS have the hearing but they might have that
12	ability to do that.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Actually, I'm just trying to
14	find the answer. I think you've referred to section 70.
15	So again, at Tab sorry, Volume 3, Tab 2, page 75 of 105.
16	I don't know if you have that on the screen, sir, near the
17	bottom?
18	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)
19	CHIEF RYDER: Can you scroll down just a bit
20	more?
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, it seems the Commission
22	may accept the submission.
23	CHIEF RYDER: Oh, may, yes.
24	MR. ENGELMANN: Sir, then, very briefly, the
25	large tab at Tab 11 was a different error, correct, it's

1	the opposite of the Police Complaints Commissioner?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Having said that, I believe
4	a part of this outline that you're familiar with and that's
5	very recent, is that the bottom of page 7?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And what can you tell us
8	about the current status of this issue?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Well, the Honourable Patrick
10	J. LeSage, the former Chief Justice of the Ontario Superior
11	Court of Justice, was retained by the Ministry of the
12	Attorney General to review the current system dealing with
13	public complaints regarding police conduct and to advise on
14	the development of a model resolving public complaints
15	against the police, and that report was delivered to the
16	Attorney General on April 22^{nd} , 2005 and on April 19^{th} , 2006
17	the Attorney General issued a press release advising that
18	the provincial government has introduced the independent
19	Police Review Act for 2006 which if passed it would
20	entrench an independent police complaint system centered
21	around a civilian organization led by an independent police
22	review director.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
24	So we may be returning to sort of an
25	independent review that we saw in the nineties?

1	CHIEF RYDER: That's the information that we
2	have before us.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: All right, okay.
4	Sir, then very quickly, Tabs 12 and 13, at
5	Tab 12 we have an excerpt from the OPP Police Orders?
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And it, it deals with the
8	complaint process at 610/5. Is that correct?
9	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And it just talks about the
11	processes that follow and some of the notifications, et
12	cetera?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. ENGELMANN: And as well talks about the
15	investigation at page 9 of 26?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
18	And as well, a process if there are public
19	complaints starting on page 10?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: And then, sir, at Tab 13 you
22	have an excerpt from a process manual?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. This is an internal
24	manual created by the Professional Standards Bureau, I
25	believe for their use.

1	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
2	Now, I understand that there used to be
3	something called "codes of offences" and now we have
4	something called the "code of conduct"?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. ENGELMANN: And then if there are
7	breaches of the code of conduct that can lead to complaints
8	and/or discipline?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
10	MR. ENGELMANN: And some of the reasons for
11	that some of what may be defined as misconduct is set
12	out can you give me a sense as to how far back? Is it
13	close to the end?
14	CHIEF RYDER: Last four pages.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Last four pages. So a
16	number of issues here are set out as misconduct. I note it
17	says "any chief of police or other police officer". So
18	again, we're dealing with all police officers?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
20	MR. ENGELMANN: There is no distinction
21	between level of rank or experience?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Absolutely not.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: So for example, using
24	profane, abusive, insulting language to any other member of
25	a police force is misconduct?

1	CHIEF RYDER: It is.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Assaults any other member of
3	a police force could be misconduct?
4	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
5	MR. ENGELMANN: And you have got a number of
6	other things about contravening provisions of the Act or
7	the Regulations.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Insubordination by word, act
10	or demeanour or without lawful excuse, disobeys, omits or
11	neglects to carryout any lawful order
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: That could be misconduct?
14	CHIEF RYDER: It is misconduct.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: And then there is a variety
16	of types of misconduct under "Neglect of Duty"?
17	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
18	MR. ENGELMANN: And "Other Practices"?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir, quite an extensive
20	lesson.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes.
22	If I could just have a moment?
23	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
24	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Chief Ryder, thank you very

1	much. Those are my questions. There may well be questions
2	for you from others and
3	THE COMMISSIONER: It's break as well. So
4	should we canvass how much time we'll be in cross-
5	examination or do you want to take a break now?
6	MR. ENGELMANN: You may want to do that
7	before we take a break.
8	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Just so we have a sense with
10	respect to the next witness, if that's all right?
11	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: I just had an opportunity to
13	speak to a couple of counsel. Maybe I can just ask counsel
14	in order about approximate time, starting, of course, with
15	Mr. Wardle, if I may?
16	MR. WARDLE: I expect to be about 20
17	minutes, Mr. Commissioner.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: All right. Thank you.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Lee?
20	MR. LEE: I have a few questions, Mr.
21	Commissioner, but no more than 10 minutes.
22	THE COMMISSIONER: I'm going to hold you to
23	that, Mr. Lee.
24	(LAUGHTER/RIRES)

173

MR. LEE: I'm thinking five minutes but I'd

1	overshoot it, I thought.
2	THE COMMISSIONER: Terrific, that's great.
3	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay. Mr. Bennett is not
4	here; Mr. Cipriano is not here.
5	Mr. Chisholm.
6	MR. CHISHOLM: No questions, Mr.
7	Commissioner.
8	THE COMMISSIONER: Terrific.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Rose.
10	MR. ROSE: I don't expect to have any
11	questions.
12	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay.
13	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Kloeze.
14	MR. KLOEZE: I may only have one question.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Hannah-Suarez?
16	MR. HANNAH-SUAREZ: I don't expect any
17	questions.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: No, all right.
19	But he will not have any questions, all
20	right. It's not being picked up by the mike.
21	MR. ENGELMANN: I'm sorry.
22	THE COMMISSIONER: No, that's okay.
23	MR. HANNAH-SUAREZ: I wouldn't expect more
24	than five minutes.
25	MR. ENGELMANN: Okay.

1	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
2	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Wallace?
3	MR. WALLACE: I expect to be very short, Mr.
4	Commissioner.
5	THE COMMISSIONER: It's okay. So under an
6	hour.
7	MR. ENGELMANN: And the OPP may have some
8	questions as well.
9	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
10	So within an hour.
11	MR. ENGELMANN: All right.
12	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Let's take a
13	break.
14	THE REGISTRAR: Order; all rise. Veuillez
15	vous lever. The hearing will reconvene at 3:30.
16	Upon recessing at 3:18 p.m./
17	L'audience est suspendue à 15h18
18	Upon resuming at 3:35 p.m.
19	L'audience est reprise à 15h35
20	THE REGISTRAR: Order all rise. À l'ordre.
21	Veuillez vous lever.
22	his hearing of the Cornwall Public Inquiry is now in
23	session.
24	Please be seated. Veuillez vous asseoir.
25	M.F. RYDER, Resumed

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY/CONTRE INTERROGATOIRE PAR MR.
2	WARDLE:
3	THE COMMISSIONER: Good afternoon, sir. It
4	seems like I haven't seen you in a long time.
5	MR. WARDLE: I know that. And while I was
6	away, Mr. Commissioner, my friends here were enlightening
7	me about the concept of lawyer's time.
8	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay.
9	MR. WARDLE: So I understand I actually have
10	two hours this afternoon.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: In your dreams.
12	(LAUGHTER/RIRE)
13	THE COMMISSIONER: I'm sorry, did I say
14	something?
15	MR. WARDLE: Chief Superintendent, I just
16	have a couple of questions about the organizational chart
17	of the Force during the 1990s, and I wonder if we could
18	turn up in Volume 2, it would be Tab 6. Now, if I've got
19	this right, this is the chart prior to the major
20	reorganization that took place at the end of 1995; correct?
21	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
22	MR. WARDLE: All right.
23	And I just wanted to understand the Criminal
24	Investigation Bureau. At this point the staff were in
25	Orillia; is that correct?

1	CHIEF RYDER: No, the director of the
2	Criminal Investigations Branch, and it was a branch in 1993
3	
4	MR. WARDLE: Yes.
5	CHIEF RYDER: was in Orillia. However,
6	we had deployed offices in London, Kingston, North Bay,
7	Thunder Bay, Kenora. So the main core would be in Orillia,
8	but over the years we decided to have deployed offices so
9	that when we deploy our CIB that they can get to some of
10	these major cases quicker.
11	MR. WARDLE: So let me start at the local
12	level and maybe we can move up from there. At this time,
13	for this area of the United Counties we're looking at
14	District 11, which is from Long Sault; correct?
15	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
16	MR. WARDLE: So that is the district
17	headquarters?
18	CHIEF RYDER: That's the district
19	headquarters for number 11 district at that particular
20	time.
21	MR. WARDLE: And then you took us to a chart
22	which indicated how many detachments there were in District
23	11; correct?
24	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
25	MR. WARDLE: And I take it there's not

1	actually a criminal investigations staff compliment in Long
2	Sault or in any of the detachments?
3	CHIEF RYDER: At that particular time in
4	Number 11 District there would be a district crime unit but
5	there would be no CIB detective inspectors.
6	MR. WARDLE: All right.
7	And we may be coming to this later with
8	other witnesses, but when is it that the local officers
9	call in the CIB, if I can put it that way?
10	MR. WARDLE: Well, once again, prior to 1992
11	there would be OPP Police Orders that would have
12	information in there that would say that when there was a
13	homicide or foul play would be expected there would have to
14	be a notification to the CIB and that notification would
15	come to the general headquarters and it would be up to the
16	general headquarters CIB assigning officer to assign the
17	appropriate detective inspector to attend that call.
18	Now, although we did have CIB we had four
19	I think at particular times CIB deployed officers in
20	Kingston that did not mean necessarily that one of those
21	detective inspectors would get that call here to Long
22	Sault. They may very well be and we tried to do that
23	because it was obviously a good thing to keep them close to
24	home, but it could be that detective inspector from London
25	may be because that particular detective inspector could

1	have been on call for that particular weekend.
2	MR. WARDLE: So in that time period, if
3	there is a homicide, for example, let's say, outside the
4	jurisdiction of the Cornwall Police in your jurisdiction in
5	the general Cornwall area, then there would be an automatic
6	notification to CI headquarters in Orillia?
7	CHIEF RYDER: CIB Headquarters, Orillia.
8	MR. WARDLE: All right.
9	And then someone would make a decision
10	whether the local detachment can handle that on their own
11	or whether they need assistance?
12	CHIEF RYDER: I can say with pretty well
13	certainty that if it was a homicide they would attend.
14	MR. WARDLE: Okay. And what about an
15	allegation of child abuse, was there an automatic reporting
16	at that time up to Orillia?
17	CHIEF RYDER: No, there was not. There
18	would be in 1992 when we had our benchmark there would
19	have been a notification to Number 11 District Crime Unit.
20	MR. WARDLE: And so the district crime unit
21	would have some discretion to exercise as to who would be
22	involved?
23	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
24	MR. WARDLE: And then just going a little
25	forward in time and turning to Tab 8, if I could get you to

1	turn that up. So this is now after the reorganization?
2	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
3	MR. WARDLE: And as I understand it, we now
4	have six regions across the province; correct?
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, we do.
6	MR. WARDLE: And the United Counties are now
7	part of the east region?
8	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
9	MR. WARDLE: And the Regional Headquarters
10	has moved to Smith Falls. Do I have that right?
11	CHIEF RYDER: You have that right.
12	MR. WARDLE: See, I was paying attention
13	yesterday.
14	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, you were.
15	MR. WARDLE: And the CI Bureau is still
16	headquartered in Orillia; is that correct?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct.
18	MR. WARDLE: And it still has staff members
19	who are at various regional offices across the province?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That is correct. And I guess
21	what probably led to some confusion is that in the
22	reorganization our CIB branch became a major cases section
23	for a short period of time and then referred back itself to
24	CIB. And the investigation bureau that I now am in command
25	was actually called a criminal investigation bureau and it

1	went back to being an investigation bureau because for a
2	host of reasons they decided to rename the major cases
3	section back to the original CIB. But it would be the same
4	structure in the sense that we had a core number of
5	detective inspectors from the CIB, major cases homicide
6	investigators if I could make it simple that would be
7	still deployed in the same areas that I've mentioned.
8	MR. WARDLE: All right.
9	And it would be the same in terms of
10	reporting up the ladder, if I could put it that way, after
11	1995. If there is an investigation of child abuse, for
12	example, you consider that to be a benchmark case?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That is a benchmark case and
14	that would be a notification to the region.
15	MR. WARDLE: So it doesn't necessarily go
16	all the way up to the CIB headquarters in Orillia?
17	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. It could
18	though because there are other benchmark notifications,
19	because if it's a multi-jurisdictional, multi-victim, then
20	it could be determined when the region was notified that
21	they needed some major case management and needed the
22	direction and the detective inspector could make that
23	request.
24	MR. WARDLE: Thank you.
25	Now, let me just ask a few questions about

1	Police Orders. First of all, in the outline at Volume 2,
2	at page 13 they're described as:
3	"A vehicle used to communicate
4	permanent policy, procedures, direction
5	and guidelines from the Commissioner to
6	all employees."
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct, sir.
8	MR. WARDLE: And I think you said in your
9	evidence, if we just go to the next page of the sorry,
10	two pages over. I want to be clear about this. First of
11	all, employees including commissioned and non-commissioned
12	officers are expected to follow the orders; correct?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. And I did
14	take some time to read the introduction to Police Orders
15	-
16	MR. WARDLE: Yes.
17	CHIEF RYDER: and there is in my outline
18	as well that Police Orders address a broad range of issues
19	and they're not intended to be a substitute for sound
20	judgement and discretion.
21	The rationale behind that that was a
22	policy of the Bureau Commander for three years is that
23	it's very, very difficult to anticipate all the different
24	situations that may come to the attention of an officer
25	when they're dealing with an occurrence or call for

1	service. And so there has to be some latitude when they're
2	dealing with their to investigate the call, that they
3	can use their common sense when it is appropriate to use
4	that common sense and judgement to make a decision to do
5	this or that.
6	Having said that, as I stated earlier, to me
7	in my career in the OPP I always took comfort to make sure
8	that I was trying to always follow the Police Orders
9	because I knew that that gave me a comfort that if I was
10	doing my job and I was doing my work within the parameters
11	of Police Orders that I know I would be supported by
12	organization that I was doing the right thing. But there
13	could be opportunities, and that's why there is that
14	latitude, where something that we could not envision that a
15	policy cannot cover that we need to have an ability to have
16	the officer use some discretion.
17	MR. WARDLE: I think I understand that, but
18	if the order is clear then you would expect the officer to
19	follow it; correct?
20	CHIEF RYDER: We would expect the officer to
21	follow those areas where it says "shall", "will", but once
22	again it would be if there was a marked departure from
23	that particular activity, that "will" or "shall", the
24	officer would have to account for why.

MR. WARDLE: All right.

1	And is it correct that a failure to comply
2	with one of these orders can be a basis for discipline?
3	CHIEF RYDER: It could be. It could very
4	well be a neglect of duty.
5	MR. WARDLE: And let me just make sure I
6	understand because I know Mr. Engelmann spent some time
7	with you today on this, but do I have this right that since
8	2000 the Police Orders have been maintained in electronic
9	format; correct?
10	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
11	MR. WARDLE: And so we can get the orders,
12	according to this summary, from 1990 forwards?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. WARDLE: But we can't get them through a
15	database format prior to 1990?
16	CHIEF RYDER: They're not readily
17	accessible. They are we know that they're in a system
18	and there's some difficulties identifying them and
19	retrieving them, the way that I've been briefed.
20	MR. WARDLE: And do I understand that if we
21	wanted to get Police Orders, for example, for 1985 we'd
22	have to go to the Erik Silk Library. Do I have that right?
23	CHIEF RYDER: Well, there may be the
24	microfilms might be at the Erik Silk Library, but once
25	again, it's my understanding that there may be some

1	technical difficulties to be able to like, let's say,
2	achieve a full set of 1985 Police Orders.
3	MR. WARDLE: Has anyone actually done that,
4	in connection with this inquiry, gone back and attempted to
5	locate orders for the 1980s, for example, that might be
6	relevant to the terms of reference at this inquiry?
7	CHIEF RYDER: It's my understanding that
8	there has been several efforts and discussions about how we
9	could retrieve that information.
10	MR. WARDLE: And where are those discussions
11	at, at the moment?
12	CHIEF RYDER: I don't know exactly where
13	they are at the moment because I've been briefed on the
14	difficulties but I don't know where exactly we are on those
15	discussions today.
16	MR. WARDLE: All right.
17	So just to summarize before I go on to the
18	next subject, if we want to know what Police Orders
19	applied, for example, to those officers who were involved
20	in the Project Truth investigation in the 1990s, that
21	information is available? Correct?
22	CHIEF RYDER: In the 1990s, yes.
23	MR. WARDLE: But if we wanted to look at the
24	Police Orders that applied for officers who were
25	investigating crimes in the 1980s that's a more difficult

1	task at this point in time?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
3	MR. WARDLE: Now, let me just turn to the
4	topic of manuals because I'm not sure I completely
5	understood where we were at on this. In the material at
6	and I know you weren't taken to this directly, but at
7	Volume 6 there is a summary called "Investigative
8	Techniques and Standards".
9	THE COMMISSIONER: I'm sorry, what tab?
10	MR. WARDLE: It's Volume 6.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Yes.
12	MR. WARDLE: And it would be Tab 2.
13	THE COMMISSIONER: All right.
14	Ontario Major Police Standing?
15	MR. WARDLE: No.
16	THE COMMISSIONER: Volume 6.
17	MR. WARDLE: Sorry, Tab 1.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Yes.
19	MR. WARDLE: Can I take you to page 10
20	sorry, page 13?
21	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
22	MR. WARDLE: First of all, this is dealing
23	with Police Orders, and I started with page 10 because
24	that's where this section starts.
25	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.

1	MR. WARDLE: And you'll see towards the
2	bottom of page 13, there's a paragraph that deals with the
3	general, criminal investigation policy set out at Chapter
4	2.7 of Police Orders.
5	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
6	MR. WARDLE: And that, as I understand it,
7	is Tab 18 of this material?
8	MR. ENGELMANN: If I could just have a
9	moment. I know this witness didn't prepare this. I'm not
10	sure if he's going to be able to answer.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: There will be another
13	witness who will talk on this. I just want to mention that
14	I don't know if the witness is comfortable with it, that's
15	all.
16	MR. WARDLE: You can tell me when you're not
17	comfortable, if you don't mind.
18	Now, I take it that what's up on your screen
19	now you would be familiar with this as part of your current
20	Police Orders; correct?
21	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
22	MR. WARDLE: Now, what I was interested in,
23	and when you started talking about manuals, is this deals
24	with child abuse and neglect. And you'll recall in your
25	evidence today with Mr. Engelmann you went over a

1	predecessor manual.
2	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct. That was a
3	Historic Document No.44.
4	MR. WARDLE: Right. Now, just picking up
5	first from the summary at page 13, it says:
6	"This chapter has been part of Police
7	Orders only since September 2005. Its
8	predecessor was much narrower in scope
9	and dealt only with children in need of
10	protection under the Child and Family
11	Services Act".
12	Do you see that?
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
14	MR. WARDLE: Okay. So do I understand that
15	the current portion of Police Orders dealing with child
16	abuse and neglect is really new?
17	CHIEF RYDER: I don't think I'll be able to
18	answer that.
19	MR. WARDLE: All right.
20	Then you may or may not be able to answer my
21	questions about the manuals. If we go back to Volume 2,
22	Tab 1
23	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
24	MR. WARDLE: I'm sorry, this has been
25	supplemented by Tab 22, so I'm going to have to ask you to

1	turn to Tab 22.
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
3	MR. WARDLE: On the first page of Tab 22,
4	there's a reference to manuals towards the bottom of the
5	page.
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes. "The following manuals
7	are of a particular relevance to the subject matter."
8	MR. WARDLE: If you could just go back on
9	that page to about the middle of the page.
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
11	MR. WARDLE: Okay.
12	"The detachment library was required to
13	maintain a series of manuals prepared
14	by the OPP for the OPP on a wide range
15	of topics."
16	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
17	MR. WARDLE: Now, I have it clear, don't I,
18	that these are not Police Orders?
19	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
20	MR. WARDLE: Okay. And, what's the status
21	of the manuals?
22	CHIEF RYDER: At that particular time?
23	MR. WARDLE: At that particular time.
24	CHIEF RYDER: That was resource material to
25	assist officers at detachment with regard to and if

1	we're going to talk about child abuse with regard to the
2	investigation of child abuse. If we talk about the manual
3	dealing with sexual offences, the investigation of sexual
4	offences. There are, as stated when I was examined by Mr.
5	Engelmann, there are some policy references in at least the
6	child abuse No.44 that was found within the manual. And so
7	they contained at least that one contained some
8	components of OPP policy that was in place at the time.
9	MR. WARDLE: All right.
10	But, I guess what I'm getting at first of
11	all, is if I'm an officer, let's say I'm a non-commissioned
12	officer and I'm working at the, you know, the Long Sault
13	Detachment or the Long Sault District Headquarters, and an
14	allegation comes in regarding child abuse. Okay?
15	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
16	MR. WARDLE: We know there's nothing in your
17	Police Orders, there's not a section at this time
18	CHIEF RYDER: No.
19	MR. WARDLE: dealing specifically with
20	child abuse; correct?
21	CHIEF RYDER: I would disagree with that
22	comment. I would although I can't probably back it up,
23	because I would expect that there would be Police Orders
24	that would have different elements throughout Police Orders
25	that would talk about investigations of sexual assaults,

1	potentially child abuse; because I know that, in fact, I
2	could back it up to one regard in the sense that the manual
3	itself on child abuse No.44 talked about the child that
4	needed protection; abused or runaway children.
5	MR. WARDLE: No, no, but my point, I think,
6	is fairly simple. We just looked at the new Police Orders
7	and they have a specific section that deals with child
8	abuse and neglect. Okay?
9	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
10	MR. WARDLE: So we know that there's no
11	specific section historically that dealt with that. It may
12	have been referred to in other ways throughout the Police
13	Orders.
14	CHIEF RYDER: I guess I answer that the
15	sexual assault policy that you've directed me to, the
16	recent one, is probably a consolidated where all the
17	policies in relation to sexual child abuse is consolidated
18	into one area.
19	Just like, if I take you back to the
20	restructuring of our Police Orders, where we had policies
21	in Volumes 1 to 10, and we restructured them and put them
22	in the chapters for adequacy; that there could very well
23	have been policies on interviewing, policies on
24	investigations, policies on sexual investigations
25	throughout Police Orders of the day but they may not have

1	been captured under a consolidated title that said, "Child
2	abuse policy".
3	MR. WARDLE: All right.
4	But we should be able to get those back to
5	1990; correct?
6	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
7	MR. WARDLE: All right.
8	So if they're not available today, I'm
9	assuming that the Force can make them available to us if we
10	need them?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Back to 1990, yes.
12	MR. WARDLE: All right.
13	And prior to 1990, you're basically saying
14	to me, "We can't do it", or at least, I don't know whether
15	we can do it"?
16	CHIEF RYDER: I guess I'd say in briefings
17	to myself is that to me is that it's a very, very
18	difficult process and that's where we're at right now.
19	MR. WARDLE: All right.
20	Well, let's come back to Tab 24 which is the
21	Child Abuse Manual.
22	THE COMMISSIONER: Hold on now. Which book
23	is that?
24	MR. WARDLE: It's in the same book, Volume 2
25	at Tab 24.

1	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Yes.
2	MR. WARDLE: Now, what I wrote down this
3	morning, Chief Superintendent, is that this covers the time
4	period from 1982 to 1989. I hope I got that right.
5	CHIEF RYDER: The manual is dated October
6	1989, and I believe in another document there was some
7	suggestion that there had been no revisions since 1982.
8	MR. WARDLE: I think that's correct.
9	So we know this manual was in place and was,
10	as I understand it, required to be part of the library
11	material at all of your detachments during this time
12	period; correct?
13	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
14	MR. WARDLE: Okay. So my first question is,
15	from 1982 to 1989, if I'm an officer working at a
16	detachment and I have an allegation that comes in,
17	something's reported, an incident or an occurrence of child
18	abuse, do I have an obligation to review this manual?
19	CHIEF RYDER: No, I would believe that
20	that's a resource material that you can access. There's no
21	I don't believe there's any policy that says I know
22	there would not be policy that would say that if you
23	received information of a sexual assault investigation or a
24	child abuse investigation that you are to go to a
25	detachment library and pull out a manual.

1	MR. WARDLE: All right.
2	What other document am I going to look at to
3	help me in my investigation?
4	CHIEF RYDER: You're going to rely on your
5	training that you've received; your experience that you've
6	encountered through your, let's say, term in the detachment
7	in handling all sorts of investigations, because there is
8	certainly some specific intricacies in investigating child
9	abuse investigation. But, there are basic components of
10	investigation that would still be the same, collection of
11	evidence.
12	MR. WARDLE: Well, that's all very
13	interesting, Chief Superintendent, but I asked a very
14	specific question and that is what document am I going to
15	look at?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I guess I would say that
17	there is no requirement to get a document. I've been
18	involved in investigations for a long time; been dispatched
19	in the middle of the night to do homicide investigations
20	and I don't grab a book and start to do my investigations
21	out of a book. I rely on my experience, my knowledge of
22	the law and so I just don't walk around with a book to read
23	as I'm doing an investigation.
24	MR. WARDLE: All right.
25	And, you can't tell me today what part of

1	the Police Orders for this time period, 1982 to 1989, would
2	deal with this subject, child abuse, because we don't have
3	them; correct?
4	CHIEF RYDER: We don't have them right now.
5	MR. WARDLE: All right.
6	And, what happened where is this manual
7	after 1989?
8	CHIEF RYDER: I can't answer that.
9	MR. WARDLE: Okay. Are you able to tell us
10	as to whether this manual was kept up to date until the
11	manual process was discontinued relatively recently?
12	CHIEF RYDER: Let me back up. When I say,
13	"I don't know where it is", I mean, obviously, I located
14	this in our General Headquarters library. What I don't
15	know is when and if this was ever taken out of circulation,
16	when there may have been a memo that came out asking that
17	this manual be destroyed. So I don't have those specific
18	dates.
19	MR. WARDLE: And I really have similar
20	questions with respect to the manual relating to
21	interviewing. It appears to cover the same time period.
22	And, again, I take it that this is just a manual that's
23	available as a resource in the local detachment library if
24	an officer wants to review it?
25	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.

1	MR. WARDLE: And there probably is something
2	in the Police Orders for that time period that deals with
3	interviewing, but you can't tell me today specifically what
4	it is?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. WARDLE: Let me see if you can help me
7	with this; if I'm examining the conduct of members of your
8	Force in the 1990's investigating allegations of historic
9	abuse of young people, and I want to determine what
10	standards they had to follow, where am I going to go to get
11	that information?
12	CHIEF RYDER: At that particular time?
13	MR. WARDLE: Yes.
14	CHIEF RYDER: Then there would probably be
15	some information in their training files, information in
16	Police Orders. It could be that they didn't follow legal
17	requirements. So there would be if you were going to do
18	an investigation, you do a thorough investigation to see
19	what did the officer do during the course of that
20	investigation and whether or not it was a negligent
21	investigation.
22	MR. WARDLE: All right.
23	I'm just about finished, Chief
24	Superintendent. I just have a couple of additional
25	questions.

1	First of all, I understand that you're not
2	the person who has expertise dealing with retention policy
3	and that there's another witness going to be coming to deal
4	with that in more detail. Is that correct?
5	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
6	MR. WARDLE: All right.
7	So I will pass on that one.
8	A couple of questions about the complaints
9	process. First of all, is the complaints process
10	publicized in some fashion to the general public?
11	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
12	MR. WARDLE: And how is that done?
13	CHIEF RYDER: I believe it's on the Ontario
14	government web site. I believe also that the Ontario
15	Civilian Commission on Police Services also has a web site
16	MR. WARDLE: And a follow-up question on
17	this area, for a complaint to make it through the process -
18	- and you remember the big flowchart that you took us
19	through.
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. WARDLE: Is it only the person who was
22	the subject of the misconduct, or the alleged misconduct,
23	who can complain, or can someone who witnessed the
24	misconduct complain.
25	CHIEF RYDER: It cannot be a third party

1	complainant unless as brought out in evidence by Mr.
2	Engelmann, if it was there is a specific notation in the
3	legislation that if it's a child, the parent could complain
4	on behalf of the child.
5	MR. WARDLE: And one last question, just
6	dealing with community policing. It occurred to me during
7	your evidence this afternoon that we haven't really heard
8	anything about how the OPP is managing up to the goals it
9	has set itself in connection with community policing. Do
10	you have some kind of internal audit or evaluation process
11	to sort of help you figure out how you're doing in going in
12	that direction?
13	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, we have several audit
14	mechanisms. We are audited by the provincial auditor. We
15	conduct our own internal audits. We have a Quality
16	Assurance Unit and from time to time they look at all
17	aspects of our policing.
18	MR. WARDLE: Thank you.
19	Those are all my questions.
20	THE COMMISSIONER: The question that rises
21	out of Mr. Wardle's let's assume there's a police
22	officer that sees a police officer do something. He's not
23	really the he can lay a complaint but he's third party,
24	isn't he?
25	CHIEF RYDER: He's a third party but he

1	could lay an internal complaint himself because he's an eye
2	witness to the event.
3	THE COMMISSIONER: What about a third party
4	who's an eye witness? He doesn't have the same rights as
5	you did?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Not according to the Act.
7	THE COMMISSIONER: Okay. Thank you.
8	Mr. Lee.
9	MR. LEE: My questions have already been
10	answered in cross examination so I have nothing further.
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Terrific. Thank you.
12	Mr. Chisholm has passed.
13	Mr. Rose. No, who's here for
14	MR. ROSE: I am and no questions.
15	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
16	For the Ministry of the Attorney General?
17	MR. KLOEZE: I have no questions.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
19	For M. Leduc?
20	MR. SUAREZ: No questions.
21	THE COMMISSIONER: The Diocese? No.
22	Cornwall Police? Mr. Callaghan.
23	MR. CALLAGHAN: Good morning. Oh. Good
24	afternoon.
25	CHIEF RYDER: Good afternoon.

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY/CONTRE-INTERROGATOIRE PAR MR.
2	CALLAGHAN:
3	MR. CALLAGHAN: My name is John Callaghan
4	for the Cornwall Police.
5	I just want to ask a few questions by way of
6	comparisons.
7	My information is the OPP's budget is
8	somewhere north of \$750 million. Is that
9	CHIEF RYDER: I guess that would be
10	ballpark.
11	MR. CALLAGHAN: Is there a breakdown as to
12	what a budget at, say, Long Sault would be?
13	CHIEF RYDER: I don't have that information
14	available.
15	MR. CALLAGHAN: Would it be available?
16	CHIEF RYDER: I'm sure it would be.
17	MR. CALLAGHAN: And I don't notice any crime
18	stats in your material. Do you have crime stats for the
19	Long Sault branch?
20	CHIEF RYDER: Once again, there may be if I
21	can just refer to a tab, the business planning tab. If I
22	could look.
23	Under Tab 13. Yes, there are some. On page
24	on Tab 13, page 6 of the Eastern Region crime sorry,
25	this relates to the region. So there essentially is some

1	statistics for the region.
2	MR. CHISHOLM: But that doesn't
3	CHIEF RYDER: It doesn't break down to the
4	Long Sault detachment.
5	MR. CALLAGHAN: Right. But are they
6	otherwise available somewhere?
7	CHIEF RYDER: I would expect so.
8	MR. CALLAGHAN: Would Census Canada do
9	you does OPP report to Stats Canada?
10	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, we do, through the
11	uniform crime reporting.
12	MR. CALLAGHAN: By way of district or by way
13	of province?
14	CHIEF RYDER: It would be down to the
15	detachment level.
16	MR. CALLAGHAN: So that can be made
17	available to us?
18	CHIEF RYDER: I'm sure it could.
19	MR. CALLAGHAN: All right. Because Stats
20	Canada won't release them to anybody but the person
21	submitting the specifics.
22	CHIEF RYDER: I'm not aware of that.
23	MR. CALLAGHAN: Now, in respect of the audit
24	process that you referred to, which is what my friend, Mr.
25	Wardle, asked about, the audit process I gather, for

1	municipal forces is different than the OPP. Correct?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, it is.
3	MR. CALLAGHAN: All right.
4	We're audited by the Ministry of Public
5	Safety, the police servicing division and you're not.
6	Correct?
7	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
8	MR. CALLAGHAN: Are you familiar with the
9	public complaints process in the period of 1990 to 1997,
10	other than actually
11	CHIEF RYDER: Well, I'm aware of the
12	civilian complaints?
13	MR. CALLAGHAN: Right.
14	CHIEF RYDER: I'm aware of it.
15	MR. CALLAGHAN: Did you work with it? I
16	want to ask a detailed question but I'm not sure whether
17	you would have worked with it.
18	CHIEF RYDER: No, I probably would not be
19	able to I didn't have any intimate knowledge with it.
20	MR. CALLAGHAN: We've heard testimony
21	earlier that the awareness with respect to sexual assaults
22	and child sexual assaults increased certainly in the late
23	'80s and early '90s and we also heard the evidence with
24	respect to the Bernardo Inquiry. Is it fair to say that,
25	sort of, policing standards underwent a change during that

1	period?
2	CHIEF RYDER: Most definitely.
3	MR. CALLAGHAN: So I take it, if I could,
4	the evidence you just gave to Mr. Wardle, I take it that in
5	the 1980s and early '90s you'd agree that police officers
6	probably didn't have all the policies and protocols, et
7	cetera, but they had general investigative techniques which
8	could be said to be largely the same investigative
9	techniques as they are today?
10	CHIEF RYDER: I would say that prior I
11	mean, make no mistake about it, we have really benefited
12	from the increased technology, from the increased systems
13	in place. But prior to and the adequacy standards. But
14	prior to there were still some very complex investigations
15	that were conducted very, very thoroughly with good
16	results.
17	MR. CALLAGHAN: Right. And I take it that
18	the changes, the adequacy standards, et cetera, were
19	intended and maybe you could agree or disagree with
20	this, to standardize things provincially?
21	CHIEF RYDER: I think I would classify them
22	as adequacy standards and sort of a minimum level of police
23	service delivery. So that's how I'd categorize it.
24	MR. CALLAGHAN: But standardize that
25	minimize?

1	CHIEF RYDER: Standardize the minimum.
2	MR. CALLAGHAN: And I take it just a last
3	question. The OPP's relationship with SOLJAN and now the
4	Ministry of Public Safety, what is the reporting
5	relationship?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Our current Ministry of
7	Community Safety and Corrections?
8	MR. CALLAGHAN: Right.
9	CHIEF RYDER: The Commissioner reports to
10	our Deputy Minister. That's our direct report.
11	MR. CALLAGHAN: And before when did it
12	change? I thought at one point you said you got broken out
13	from the Attorney General's office.
14	CHIEF RYDER: That was quite a while ago.
15	MR. CALLAGHAN: Quite a while ago.
16	And is there any mandatory requirement on
17	the OPP to share their technology and their knowledge with
18	other municipal police forces?
19	CHIEF RYDER: Mandatory versus legislative?
20	MR. CALLAGHAN: Well, legislative say.
21	CHIEF RYDER: I'm not aware of any.
22	MR. CALLAGHAN: All right.
23	Thank you.
24	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
25	Mr. Carroll.

1	MR. WALLACE: Mr. Wallace this afternoon,
2	Commissioner.
3	THE COMMISSIONER: Good afternoon.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY/CONTRE-INTERROGATOIRE PAR MR.
5	WALLACE:
6	MR. WALLACE: Good afternoon, Deputy Chief
7	Superintendent.
8	CHIEF RYDER: Good afternoon.
9	MR. WALLACE: My name is Mark Wallace. I'm
10	here on behalf of the Ontario Provincial Police
11	Association.
12	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
13	MR. WALLACE: I would like to revisit very
14	quickly, and this is the only area that I want to ask you
15	any questions on, the introductions to the police orders
16	which is found at Volume 2, Tab 2.
17	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
18	MR. WALLACE: You mentioned this in your
19	examination with Mr. Engelmann as well as Mr. Wardle just a
20	few moments ago, and I'd like to draw your attention to the
21	last paragraph of the message where it states that:
22	"Although police officers
23	comprehensively addresses a broad
24	range of issues"
25	THE COMMISSIONER: Sorry, it was Police

1	Orders?
2	MR. WALLACE: Yes.
3	THE COMMISSIONER: You said officers.
4	MR. WALLACE: I'm sorry.
5	THE COMMISSIONER: That's okay.
6	MR. WALLACE:
7	"It is not intended as a substitute for
8	sound judgement and discretion, bearing
9	in mind that our decisions must stand
10	the test of scrutiny employees are
11	expected to interpret Police Orders
12	reasonably and in a manner consistent
13	with the trust afforded them by this
14	organization and the public."
15	The sentiments expressed there are not new.
16	They didn't come in existence for your organization with
17	the publication of the Police Orders. Is that not correct?
18	CHIEF RYDER: Not with this new publication.
19	This was in our earlier provisions of Police Order even
20	before with Commissioner O'Grady. There is a tab if I
21	could find it.
22	(SHORT PAUSE/COURTE PAUSE)
23	MR. WALLACE: I wasn't really referring to -
24	- I don't want to be spending time on this. I wasn't
25	referring to the fact that it was incorporated in a

1	document but this was, was it not, a sentiment that was
2	pervasive within the organization, that is that the success
3	of police work to a large extent depends on sound
4	reasoning, solid judgement, good discretion, these sorts of
5	qualities that police officers are expected to have?
6	CHIEF RYDER: Yes, sir.
7	MR. WALLACE: Okay.
8	CHIEF RYDER: And the only reason I was
9	trying to look back to the previous tab was the fact that
10	it shows how consistent that was because similar language
11	was used in the introduction of Police Orders in
12	Commissioner O'Grady's time. So that has progressed.
13	MR. WALLACE: Okay. But at the end of the
14	day these are skills that are essential to good police
15	work?
16	CHIEF RYDER: Absolutely.
17	MR. WALLACE: And in fact, the sound
18	judgement and discretion, these are skills that are
19	developed through not only experience but training as well?
20	CHIEF RYDER: That's correct.
21	MR. WALLACE: Thank you.
22	Those are my questions.
23	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
24	Any follow-up from the OPP?
25	CROSS-EXAMINATION BY/CONTRE-INTERROGATOIRE PAR MS.

1	LAHAIE:
2	MS. LAHAIE: Only one issue, Mr.
3	Commissioner.
4	My name is Dianne Lahaie for the Ontario
5	Provincial Police.
6	THE COMMISSIONER: Yes.
7	MS. LAHAIE: Detective Chief Superintendent
8	Ryder, I have only one issue I wish to explore slightly in
9	response to Mr. Wardle's questions regarding the manuals in
10	Volume 2, an example of which would be found at Tab 24.
11	You spoke of the issue of the limited
12	availability of these manuals, sir, today and the issue of
13	a destruction order; the limited availability of those
14	manuals for production at an inquiry such as this one at
15	this time. Could you
16	CHIEF RYDER: These particular in-service
17	training manuals?
18	MS. LAHAIE: Yes.
19	CHIEF RYDER: Yes.
20	MS. LAHAIE: Could you expand on that issue
21	of the destruction order, sir?
22	CHIEF RYDER: Well, when the - the
23	destruction order related specifically to hardcopy police
24	orders, but when I talked about a destruction order I was
25	trying to expand on the fact that it could very well be

1	that some of these were taken out of service at a certain
2	period of time because just like Police Orders, if there
3	was no longer maintaining these manuals they would very
4	quickly be out of date and then our officers would not be
5	able to rely on them. In fact, they would be detrimental
6	to have around at a detachment library if they were out of
7	date.
8	MS. LAHAIE: And when you held that position
9	at the detachment when you were actually charged with
10	replacing the leaflets or the inserts, what were the orders
11	on the instructions that you received with respect to the
12	pages that you were replacing?
13	CHIEF RYDER: If we replaced pages that were
14	out of date we were told to destroy those pages.
15	MS. LAHAIE: And the bulk of the research
16	today, sir, is it done at the detachment libraries or in
17	another fashion as you described earlier today?
18	CHIEF RYDER: I think that obviously there
19	is all sorts of areas. I mean, I did the demonstration on
20	OPP connections page. That's an avenue of where one can
21	acquire resources on a multitude of topics. And of course
22	there is a detachment resource centre that is available
23	still to this day that has hardcopy publications and
24	videos.
25	MS. LAHAIE: Thank you, sir.

1	Thank you, Mr. Commissioner.
2	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you.
3	That will do it for today?
4	MR. ENGELMANN: Yes, I have nothing arising.
5	Yes, that was it for today. Our next
6	witness is Roger Kelly. I think rather than try and start
7	him now we'll start him at
8	THE COMMISSIONER: At 10:00 o'clock.
9	MR. ENGELMANN: I guess it's not at 10:00
10	o'clock. We have
11	THE COMMISSIONER: Oh, right.
12	MR. ENGELMANN: Mr. Sherriff-Scott wishes to
13	address us shortly
14	THE COMMISSIONER: That's right.
15	MR. ENGELMANN: for a few minutes. And
16	I don't know if others will have anything to say about
17	that.
18	THE COMMISSIONER: M'hm.
19	MR. ENGELMANN: But then we'll start with
20	Roger Kelly right after that.
21	THE COMMISSIONER: Thank you very much for
22	your testimony. I appreciate it. Thank you.
23	MR. ENGELMANN: Thank you, Chief Ryder.
24	CHIEF RYDER: Thank you.
25	THE REGISTRAR: Order. All rise. À

1	l'ordre. Veuillez vous lever.
2	The hearing is now adjourned. L'audience
3	est ajournée.
4	Upon adjourning at 4:19 p.m./
5	L'audience est ajournée à 16h19.
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2	CERTIFICATION
3	
4	I, Sean Prouse a certified court reporter in the Province
5	of Ontario, hereby certify the foregoing pages to be an
6	accurate transcription of my notes/records to the best of
7	my skill and ability, and I so swear.
8	
9	Je, Sean Prouse, un sténographe officiel dans la province
10	de l'Ontario, certifie que les pages ci-hautes sont une
11	transcription conforme de mes notes/enregistrements au
12	meilleur de mes capacités, et je le jure.
13	
14	Sean Drouse
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16	Sean Prouse, CVR-CM
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